The Columbian.

VOL. 32 BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, JULY 29, 1897. NO. 30

STRAY SHOTS

Topics of Interest, Here, There, and Everywhere.

Don't all start for the Klondike gold fields, thinking that all you have to do is go there and pick up the precious metal by the bag full. You will have hard ships to undergo, rough roads to travel and many other unpleasant things which some people, all excited over the wealth they think can be picked up in a week or so, never stop to consider.

Let every democrat in this county read the report of the committee appointed to revise the rules of the party. We want to see an old time majority once more, to have old Columbia County take her place, as she used to do when 2500 majority was piled up. Stand together, let us have harmony, and when the next returns come in, they will be such as to show the country that Columbia County at least is opposed to trusts, monopolies, and Republican misrule.

An exchange says: "Let us annex Hawaii, Cuba, Canada, spike the jingo guns, give our pocket-books to the trusts, let the Dingley bill dangle from every flag-staff and then weep salty tears to sprinkle on the tails of the Republican elephant that it might keep fresh until the prosperity show catches up to its advance agent."

AN ATROCIOUS ACT.

One of the most shameful outrages ever heard tell of in this town occurred about ten o'clock Tuesday night. Laura Holter, a young lady twenty-three years of age, daughter of Isaiah Holter, who lives in the upper part of the double house on the corner of Fifth Street and Chestnut Alley, in company with Lulu McCormick, a neighbor girl, went to the home of Harry Rinker to make an evening call. After spending some time in the Rinker house Miss Holter said that she would have to go home as she had some work to do. When right beside her home, while her father, brothers and sisters were waiting for her to return, she was overtaken by Frank Beers, son of David Beers, a neighbor, who lives two doors above. He threw his arms around her and after throwing her to the ground accomplished his purposes, and left his victim in an unconscious condition. When the McCormick girl returned home she discovered the unfortunate being in the alley. She at once informed Mr. Holter, who came out and after taking his daughter in the house started after a policeman to find the villian who had perpetrated the deed. Two officers went to the Beers home and searched the house from garret to cellar, but the search proved fruitless, as the young man could not be found anywhere.

On Wednesday morning a telegram was received from Kingston stating that a fellow answering Beers' description had been captured in a freight car at that place. Policeman Shultz went up, found his man, who had been placed in the Kingston lockup, and returned on the half past eight train. Several hundred people were at the station when the train arrived and for awhile trouble was feared. Beers was taken to Squire Clark's office for a hearing, but as the physical condition of the Holter girl was such that she could not be present the hearing was postponed till Friday morning at half past nine o'clock. Beers was taken to jail.

The whole town is indignant over the affair, and had the young man been caught the night the outrage was committed it would probably have went hard with him.

Reformed Church Reunion Island Park, Sunbury, August 5th 1897.

Reunion of the Reformed Associations of Central Pennsylvania will be held at Island Park, Sunbury, Thursday August 5th 1897. For this occasion the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Sunbury and return, limited to day of issue, at single fare for the round trip, from Lock Haven, Bellefonte, Wilkesbarre, Tomhicken, Mt. Carmel, Harrisburg and intermediate stations.

Train 101 which leaves Montandon on arrival of train 1 leaving Sunbury 5.34 P. M. will be run through to Bellefonte.

Dr. Henry Varley, of London, England spoke at the open air meeting at Oak Grove, Sunday afternoon. During the progress of the meeting a heavy rain set in and the people were obliged to remain until the storm passed over.

LUTHERAN REUNION.

Thursday July 22nd, the day for the Lutheran Reunion at Packer Island was fair and beautiful and refreshing!

The car ride down the historic north branch was simply delightful! Nature was refreshed by the rains and had put on her loveliest attire, while the pure invigorating air braced the body and cheered the Spirits.

The crowd was not large in the morning owing most likely to the doubtful condition of the weather in the earlier hours, but by noon they came in great numbers principally from the West Branch till the woods were alive with the followers of Luther.

The spacious Pavilion was filled to overflowing with those who would hear the addresses the first was by Prof. G. F. Spieker D. D., of Philadelphia, and the second by Rev. M. W. Hamma D. D., of Altoona, Pa., both spoke upon the Church and its great work especially in missionary and church extension lines and were attentively listened to. After dinner the one address was made by Rev. Dr. Reimensnyder of Milton Pa., on the power of the Young Lutherans.

It was a stirring appeal both for Church and Nation and every one gave him their strictest attention. A number of short speeches were then asked for, and given by both Ministers and Laymen and one by a Deaconess from Baltimore, Miss Smith.

The music was furnished by an orchestra from Shamokin composed mostly of quite young men. The grounds were in their best condition, the people in their happiest mood and all the features of the Reunion successful and pleasant, so that the occasion of 1897 in its pleasantness caused each one to look forward hopefully in the Providence to a still better one for 1898. X.

BARN DESTROYED.

A barn situated in an alley back of West Street the property of Oscar Alexander was destroyed by fire about the middle of the afternoon on Sunday. There was a considerable amount of hay, straw, oats, etc., in the barn. The horses were taken out and saved. Just how the fire caught no one knows, but it is said that some children were playing with straw and matches near the building and a stray spark is supposed to have caused the damage. The Third Street public school building a short distance away was in great danger and it required considerable work on the part of the firemen to save it. The fire might have been extinguished before so much damage had been done to the barn, but the water was all needed in order to save the school building.

Advertising for a Wife.

A. H. Olney, a veteran over 60 years old, who lives at Gibsons, near Corning, N. Y., is reported to have struck things rich. He recently put an "ad" in a matrimonial paper for a wife. A reply came from a Wilkes-Barre, Pa., woman who inclosed $10 for him to come to that city and get acquainted with her. He did so and was highly impressed, but on his return home found another letter from a widow at Denver, Col., who is reported to be worth $40,000. She sent $75 to pay his fare to that place, and he left one day this week to go out there and marry her.—Bath, N. Y., *Plaindealer*.

SWALLOW ACCEPTS,

Rev. Dr. S. C. Swallow, of Harrisburg, has accepted the challenge of Governor Hastings, issued a few days ago, in which he called on anyone having knowledge of irregularities in the bill for fitting up Grace Church for the use of the late legislature to furnish him with the information within ten days.

In the challenge Hastings declared he would "smite" it like every other "steal" if anyone could show a single dishonest dollar in it. Dr. Swallow says he is able to show several and that he will be able to do so sometime this week.

GONE FOR GOLD.

E. B. Clark left yesterday for the gold fields of Alaska. He has been employed for the last two years at Hollidaysburg, Blair County. He arrived in town Saturday, and spent the few days here visiting his sisters on Market Street. Providing he has no accidents, or delays he expects to get to Klondike some time in September. We wish him success.

JUDGMENT DAY A MYTH.

Professor Perrine, of Bucknell, Puts Forth a Startling Theory.

DEATH NOT A DREAMLESS SLEEP.

From the pulpit of the Livingstone Avenue Baptist Church in New Brunswick, N. J. where two weeks ago Evangelist Needham declared that there were no female angels, Rev. Enoch Perrine made the startling announcement on Sunday that the Day of Judgment is a myth. He said such an idea must be discarded, as it was merely a metaphor. Rev. Perrine is a professor in Bucknell University, at Lewisburg, Pa., the great Baptist theological school, from which so many ministers of that faith have been graduated, and his bold announcement had all the more startling effect.

Professor Perrine's sermon was based on the transfiguration on the Mount, and in the course of his remarks he said the language which gave rise to the idea of a final great judgment day was simply metaphorical and used to impress upon the Christian mind the importance of the judgment. He said that a person upon dying passed directly to his reward or to his punishment, as the case might be. He also advanced the idea that there was no doubt about the recognition of friends in heaven, and that human beings would not lose their identity or their individuality in heaven if they went to that place. "It would be no punishment at all if a wicked man lost his identity," said he, "because there can be no greater punishment than recollection."

In confirming his ideas on these subject the preacher spoke of Moses and Elias being on the Mount in form and conversing with each other and being recognized by the disciples, and said that he did not believe that the human body would be literally resurrected at the end of the world, as many held, but that the spirit would become the tenant of a new and glorified body. He held that the appearance of Moses and Elias was proof that the redeemed lost none of their personality.

Speaking of the fact that Christ saw fit to call upon Moses and Elias to assist in the work of redemption, the preacher said: "Is it reasonable to suppose that after they had enjoyed their reward for so long a time that they will again be brought before a Judge, as the theory of a final judgment would imply? They must have been judged when they went to heaven. If we may learn anything from the appearance of Moses and Elias on the Mount of Transfiguration death is not a dreamless sleep, but rather that we pass to our reward immediately."

Professor Perrine also expressed the idea that the interest shown by Moses and Elias in what was transpiring in this world was proof that the redeemed take an active interest in everything that is going on here and in many cases they are ministering spirits, influencing those in this world when they had little idea of it. His sermon was listened to with deep attention and created a profound impression.

THE DAMAGE SUIT.

The law suit held before P. K. Shultz, Esq., at Central on Tuesday of last week between a Mr. Puterbach, as plaintiff and J. W. Perry, of Elk Grove defendent has been quite an interesting affair. We published the particulars in our last issue. Squire Shultz rendered his decision in the case on Tuesday and gave a judgment in favor of plaintiff and against defendant for fifty dollars and costs.

Sought Solace in Death.

Disappointed in love, Annie Thomas a pretty 16-year-old girl of Wilkesbarre, took poison Tuesday morning, with suicidal intent, but was discovered in time to save her life.

She was in love with a young man from Sunbury, who made an engagement to meet her on Sunday night. He failed to appear, and Monday night she met him with another girl, who, he said, was his sister. Tuesday she took a corrosive sublimate tablet.

There will be a festival held at McHenry's Church in Orange township, Saturday evening, August 7th. If the weather should be stormy the festival will be held the following Saturday evening. Proceeds will be used to erect a shed at the church to protect horses from the storm during meeting. The public is cordially invited.

BASE BALL.

Lock Haven and the home teams played two games last week. The first game on Friday was a great slugging match on both sides, as the rain made the ball wet and it was impossible to curve it. The contest was stopped by a shower at the end of the fourth inning, and it was about an hour before play was resumed, the ground then being so wet that base running was impossible. At the eighth inning with the score a tie, and the visitors at the bat, darkness interfered and the umpire called the game. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Lock Haven	2 0 0 2 0 4 0 1—9	15	8	
Bloomsburg	2 1 2 1 0 1 2 0—9	13	3	

Batteries, Sperlin and Ritter; Everson and Chamberlin. Umpire Hagenbuch.

A good sized crowd payed admission to the Park on Saturday, and everybody got their moneys worth. The game was as pretty as one would want to witness. Shaffer and Hepting were the opposing pitchers and both pitched great ball for seven innings, when the home team went at Shaffer for keeps. Hepting who joined our club last week, pitched a beautiful game allowing but six hits, and if he can keep up that kind of work, he'll do. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Bloomsburg	0 3 0 0 1 2 0 2 6—14	16	7	
Lock Haven	1 2 0 0 0 0 2 0 1— 6	6	5	

Batteries, Hepting and Chamberlin; Shaffer and Ritter. Umpire Hagenbuch.

DIAMOND CHIPS.

Dunn is done out.

Umpire Hagenbuch's decisions gave general satisfaction.

Young has been released. We are unable to find out what the trouble was. One of the ball men says he covered too much ground. The last short stop they had was released because he didn't cover enough.

Gatins of Lock Haven is one of the greatest kickers in the business.

Sunbury had lots of fun with Dunn on Monday. He hasn't won a game since July 5th. Pennant? Not with that kind of pitching.

If the management wants pitchers, what's the matter with trying Donnelly? His address is Plymouth. Give him a chance.

Chamberlin is'nt doing a thing but hitting the ball these days.

The *Gazette* and *Bulletin* was in error Monday. They had Saturday's game in favor of Lock Haven.

Mountain Grove Camp Meeting.

On account of the Methodist Camp Meeting at Mountain Grove August 4th to 12th 1897, the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. will run special trains between Sunbury, Hazleton and intermediate points and sell excursion tickets from Wilkesbarre, Tombicker, Williamsport, Mifflinburg, Mt. Carmel and intermediate points August 2nd to 12th good to return until August 13th 1897 inclusive.

The New Methodist Church.

Many persons are asking when the new Methodist Church in Bloomsburg will be dedicated. The Pastor and Official Members take pleasure in saying that no providence preventing, the building will be dedicated Sunday September 19, 1897. Eminent ministers have been engaged to preach, and it is also expected that most of the old pastors, now living, will be present. It will be a great occasion and full of interest to many people.

FIRE AT BENTON.

A very destructive fire occurred at Benton on Tuesday night. H. A. Kemp's block on Main Street was totally destroyed, together with the William Appleman building. There was a small insurance, but the loss will probably foot up to $15,000. This is the second fire that has occurred at that thriving little town during the last two years and the citizens no doubt are beginning to see the necessity of protection in cases of that kind.

Our townsman Wm. H. Snyder, recently purchased from the loft of the great bird fancier L. A. Mehler, 1930 Columbia Ave. Philadelphia, a pair of beautiful homer pigeons. They are the finest specimens we have ever saw. Mr. Mehler's birds stand in the front rank as long distance and fast flyers. We hope soon to be able to publish some pigeon flights as several of our townsmen are engaged in raising homer pigeons.

JULY
Reductions

Do you expect to travel. We've a large and complete assortment of Trunks, Telescopes and Valises at all prices.
A Good Trunk $2.50 and up.

Means great savings to Suit Buyers. You shouldn't hesitate long about buying suits at present prices. We've about 120 Suits that are strictly all wool and fast color in light, dark and medium colors; also pin checks and color plaids, some sold at $6.50, some $7.50 and others as high as 9 and $10, but we're cleaning up the season's broken sizes, hence any suit in the lot for

$5.00.

This is probably the greatest Suit Bargain this or any other store in the county has ever put out, and if you value money you'll join the throng of buyers this week. Of course the better and best suits are here for the men or boys' in all the popular mixtures and plain blue or blacks at 7.50, 10, 12, and $15.

Every Straw Hat in the store at absolute cost to close out.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR and all other outfittings are here.

Gidding's

Negligee Shirts at Reduced Prices.

Sweaters, Belts, etc., all reduced to make room.

To the Democratic Voters of Columbia County.

I herewith submit to your careful consideration the report of the Committee appointed to revise the rules of our party, in accordance with the action of the regular Standing Committee at their annual meeting on March 27th which passed the following resolution.

Resolved;

That a Committee of five be appointed to revise our Party rules and submit their report for adoption at the next Convention.

In pursuance of the above Resolution the Committee of five were appointed as follows: A. J. Derr, R. R. Little, W. T. Creasy, C. Small and R. G. F. Kshinka; representing as nearly as possible the different points of the County, and were called to meet at Bloomsburg on June 19th at 9 A. M.; They met on that date and on each following Saturday for four consecutive days, which in its-self is evidence that they have labored with untiring care and deliberation, in their effort to formulate a set of rules that all may understand, and what they have thought to be for the best interests of our party.

They have endeavored to surround the Ballot Box with every possible safeguard toward securing honest nominations and they now submit in the colums of this paper the result of their labors to the voters, with entire fairness to all, and respectfully ask the people to instruct their Delegates to accept or reject these rules as in their own judgment they may think best.

It will be noticed that the rule of greatest importance is that which changes our method of making nominations. It is proposed in these rules to abandon our present Delegate system, by voting direct for the Candidate and the Candidate recieving the greatest number of votes to be declared the nominee.

For these rules to go into effect it requires a two thirds vote of the delegates in the Convention and it endorsed by the Convention they will then govern the primary Election of 1898 for the first trial. The matter is now fairly left in the hands of the voters.

Very respectfully,
JOHN G. MCHENRY.
Chairman.

Normal Schools Are Out

The State Normal schools will each have to get along with $5000 less than they asked for in the next two years. Their representatives appeared before the Governor to show cause why they should get $40,000 each, and they brought facts and figures to the front to prove that they couldn't possibly take less. The Governor intimated that they might not get anything, and they finally compromised by agreeing to take $35,000, thus saving $65,000 to the state that will be given to the smaller charities.

The contract for furnishing the coal for the Bloomsburg Public School the coming winter has been awarded to H. V. White & Co. It requires 275 tons of No. 6 and 25 tons of No. 4, to heat the buildings one winter.

East Third Street had a mad dog scare Sunday afternoon and a muzzle was the only thing that saved the owner Frank Sigler from being bit. The animal was shot before it had time to get away.

The following letters are advertised July 27, 1897. Hiram B. Boyer, Miss Kate Dreisbach, Mr. Daniel Hahn. Will be sent to the dead letter office August 10, 1897.

JAMES H. MERCER, P. M.

The colored campmeeting opened in Hess Grove, Rupert on Friday evening, and will be continued till next week. An admission of ten cents is charged on Sunday but on all other days admissiom is free.

Don't forget the date of the big race meet to be given by the Bloomsburg wheelmen, August 14th. Fast riders will be here, and no doubt many records broken providing the track is in good condition

Mrs. H. C. Conner, who has been suffering with a cancer, being confined to the house for the last three months died at her home in Orangeville on Tuesday. A husband and one daughter survive. The deceased was about forty-six years of age. The funeral will take place from the house to-morrow morning at ten o'clock.

NOTES FROM GOTHAM

BUSINESS MEN RALLY TO HOLD THE TRADE OF THE METROPOLIS.

Additions to the Aquarium—A Popular Actor to Retire—Two Black Fridays Recalled—Vacation Schools and the Great Good They Are Accomplishing.

Special New York Letter.

One of the most popular places for free amusement in the city is the new aquarium at the Battery. This institution is constantly receiving new specimens of the finny tribe from the deep sea. Thousands of people visit the aquarium every day, and every new arrival is photographed and its picture printed in the newspapers, thus creating a constant desire on the part of people to inform themselves respecting the new arrivals. The latest arrivals are known as Angel fish, and are from Bermuda. They have been assigned to one of the new trunks, and every visitor looks in upon them. If the city government wil contribute the money which the managers of the aquarium insist upon having, the institution will soon become the most important of the kind in the world.

The retirement of Joseph Jefferson from the stage is announced on the best authority. His last appearance will be made in this city. There is no actor on the board whose absence from the public view will create a greater sense of lack. Yet, he is growing in years and has come to a time of life when he is entitled to enjoy a rest.

Carpenter Class in a Vacation School.

There is that in the art of the man that demands respect; but it is the personal color and quality of that art which has made more than respect; it has created real affection. Although Mr. Jefferson has been interesting and amusing in other characters, it is as Rip Van Winkle that he will be chiefly remembered, and this part he has elaborated into an ideal. He has raised it above the gross and material traits that some affect to discover by the creation. It was not a Rip Van Winkle that ever did or ever could be disagreeably or illnaturedly drunk. It melted and glowed under the influence of old Hollands as a flower expresses its fragrance in the summer sun. As to the allegation that the effect of the comedy was immoral, that it exalted idleness, intoxication, and inconstancy, that is rubbish. There are not many actors to tell the truth, who can create such a part, or could make it convincing if they did. Still fewer are those who could do as Jefferson has done in making it sympathetic and winning. Yet none have seen the play, at least none have seen it rightly, who have not taken away with them one of the pleasantest memories of their lives. That weird, yet airy scene in the Catskills lingers with the beholder, as something delicate and precious; something fleeting, like opal color; something that stirred the depths of feelings, too without the knowing why. Mr. Jefferson is unique among his fellows in his mode of stirring emotion, and that we shall see him no more after the coming year will be a source of general regret. Yet the wishes of all will go with him that his may be long years of peace, and thousands will join in wishing him good health.

The progressive business men of the metropolis have awakened to the advisability of keeping this city's interests and advantages before the country, and the result is the recently incorporated Merchants Association of New York. It proposes to remove obstructions to trade with the city, reform abuses where they exist and in general "to foster trade and commerce and the interests of those having trade, business and financial interests in common in the State of New York and elsewhere." This is a liberal and comprehensive project. Its promoters do not propose to seek to benefit themselves individually, but to promote the interests of New York, and any thing that is done to attract business men to the city and to increase its trade confers a benefit on everybody living in it, from the hotel keeper down to the small boy that sells newspapers in the street.

A handsome suite of rooms have been secured unpon the ground floor of a Broadway building and equipped with postal and other faculties for the use of out-of-town visitors. The railways have agreed to give special rates to merchants from the interior, who, as members of the organization, will come to New York in the autumn. The success of the experiment in this direction made by the originators of the present movement during the Grant memorial ceremonies gives assurance that a vast number will come and will spend an enormous amount of money in this city. In short the association, although but a few weeks old, has already done much, and the high standing of its incorporators and officials as well as their tested and conceded capacity for practical affairs affords a guarantee of success in their laudable undertaking.

It is remembered that just twenty years ago this summer the stock market, which had been very uniform for a long time, suddenly began to display strange and sudden changes. The first stock to go down was New Jersey Central. This stock had paid a dividend of ten per cent. for several years and had been in good demand at $1.20. It suddenly weakened, and sales to deliver were made at 90. The market continued downward until 40 was reached. Many holders became frightened and offered the stock at any price they could get. A panic was created. Other stocks immediately sympathized and a general sacrifice took place. It was soon evident that this was the work of Jay Gould, who was thundering against the coal roads, and having control of two newspapers his attack in the stock market was reinforced by his "money articles." Next to New Jersey Central he seemed determined to control Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, which as his money articles boldly announced "must go into the hands of a receiver." The result was that this stock sank to twenty-five, while New Jersey Central seemed to have no bottom. Gould kept on, and the panic led the old shareholders to "get out" while they had anything left. The result was a day in the stock exchange similar to "Black Friday" in the gold room, and as it occurred on the same day of the week it was called "Black Friday No. 2." New Jersey Central sold down to seven and the stock exchange became so demoralized that it closed its doors for one day in order to recover from the awful strain.

In reality, Gould created two "Black Fridays." In the first he was a bull and in the second a bear. The bull movement was planned to help the Erie road. He saw that an increased inflation would advance the price of western products and increase freight in quantity even if the price for transportation was not increased. To accommodate his purpose he forced up the price of gold 40 per cent. in one day. This ruined many men who had to pay heavy duties and created the panic which has since been known as the first Black Friday. Of course Gould made enormous profits on the gold transaction as well as upon his stock operations. When his purpose had been accomplished he released his hold and gold suddenly dropped to its former quotation.

The excitement of "Black Friday" was based on the ruin of its victims. It is said that the advance in gold on that day made a difference to A. T. Stewart of $40,000. He could bear it, but in other instances it swept away the accumulations of years. Wall street then became conscious that a new power had arisen, and when people asked who it was the reply would sometimes be "that black eyed little wizard that's behind Jim Fisk."

The Vacation schools under the management of the New York association for improving the condition of the poor are now open. It is believed that thousands of children will avail themselves of a chance to secure education at the schools during the summer. The accommodations for these schools which have not been equal to the demands upon them have been greatly increased this year. Four additional buildings will be put into use. These schools were first inaugurated three years ago, when the attendance was less than 30,000. Last year the attendance had increased to more than 100,000 and 5,000 children were refused admission for want of room.

In the school work, books are abolished, and manual training takes their place. The eye, ear and hand are educated. The smallest children have a jolly time of it and are instructed on kindergarten lines. Little boys receive instruction in paper folding, cutting, pasting, the simpler forms of sewing, singing, military drill and clay modelling. Older girls are taught sewing, cutting out, dressmaking, singing, modelling and composition. They are allowed each day half an hour's impromptu dancing to pianforte accompaniment. Boys are instructed in clay modelling, wood cutting, carpenting, designing, composition, map drawing, vocal music and military drill. Self-government clubs are introduced to promote a spirit of self-reliance and to

Finny Wonders from Bermuda at the Aquarium.

teach principles of law and order. The Vacation Schools will continue for six weeks. They are under the supervision of the department of schools and institutions of the association.

Despite the terrific heat of the past few weeks, the death rate of the city has not been any greater than during the same weeks of last year. This, in a great measure, is due to the sanitary condition of the city. The number of deaths reported is not surprising, and the returns show that fewer persons have died from contagious diseases than ever before during a corresponding heated term. The clean streets and the steps taken by the authorities to prevent epidemics have had a good deal to do with the present condition of the city. One thing that shows the improvement in the condition of the city is that to-day only forty deaths out of a hundred are those of children under five years of age, while twenty years ago sixty out of every hundred deaths were those of children under five years of age. Acting under a suggestion from the Health Department, the Department of Public Works has commenced to flush the streets on the East Side. This will do a great deal toward relieving the suffering from the intense heat.

CHARLES F. FOLLEN.

Chinese Sailors and the Fire-Drill.

On a certain man-of-war on the Pacific station a few years ago the officers had Chinese servants, and, although they could scarcely speak a word of English, they were quick to learn what was shown to them, and soon did like clockwork the fire drill with buckets. One day there was a real fire. Volumes of smoke poured up from the forehold, and it took several streams of water nearly an hour to put out the flames. When the fire was under control, some one thought of the Chinamen, and behold! there they were, ranged in line and in plain sight of the smoking hatchway, rapidly passing their buckets along, but emptying them over the ship's side as they had been taught to do!—St. Nicholas.

IAN MACLAREN LIKES AMERICANS.

He Thinks Their Hospitality Exceeds that of the Britishers.

Hospitality is also the essence of courtesy, and every visitor to the States agrees with his neighbor—however he may differ about other things—that the American has revived the ancient Eastern idea and acclimatized it in the West. After a journey in the New World, one returns home convinced that we do not know how hospitality spells in Europe, and smitten to the heart with repentance. When a stranger comes to us with a letter, we receive him with calm civility, hope that he has had a good passage, inquire what he wishes to see in our country, map out his route for him, ask him to a meal, and let him go with a modest disclaimer that he has given us any trouble. If one of us goes over to America, not knowing half a dozen people on the whole continent, letters of hospitality arrive before we start; they are brought on board your steamer with the pilot; they are delivered on the landing stage; they are lying on the table at your rooms, and they all come to the same thing—that you will stay in a hotel at your peril, and that you and your belongings—it is hoped two boys may be with you as well as your wife—must come at once to the writer's house.

If you have an iron will and a profound conviction that your arrangements prevent you being a proper guest—for a guest has his duties as well as a host—you may deny yourself the pleasure of private hospitality, but you will have to fight your way, so to say, to the hotel. And if you are a guest you will be received at the station—we allow visitors to make their own way to our houses—and welcomed by the whole family as if you were of the same blood, or at least friends of twenty years' standing; and you will be driven over the whole district or city, and your host will be at your disposal as if he had nothing to do—yet judges, university men, merchants and editors have some engagements—and you will depart laden with roses and goodwill.

One is not quite sure whether to admire most of all the grace or tact or spontaneity or completeness of hospitality among our kinsfolk; but that for which one is most grateful, and which counts dearest, is the genuine kindness. The Americans are a kind people, and they are not ashamed to allow it to be seen.

What lends a peculiar character to American manners is their genuine and attractive simplicity; and the traveler does feel that his ideal of democratic citizenship has been in one particular, at least, realized. In one way it strikes the foreigner that the States lose by not having a leisured ruling class, with traditions of public service, of incorruptible honor, of trained statesmanship. In another way, the States gain by counting all their citizens eligible for public duty, because the rulers are not a caste, do not give themselves airs, are affable and accessible.—The Outlook.

The Cigar Mouthpiece.

A rich Russian banker had been discovered murdered in his house in St. Petersburg, says a writer in The Green Bag. There was no clue, but in the room there was found a cigar mouthpiece containing part of a cigar of such an expensive kind that it was supposed the banker himself had been smoking it just before the crime had been committed. On close examination the mouthpiece was found to be worn away by the teeth of its owner, but the dead man's teeth did not fit the indentation. The servants were one by one examined, and it was then found that the hollows of the mouthpiece compared exactly to the formation of the front teeth of the cook, to whom no suspicion had been attached. He afterward confessed to the murder.

A Large Inkpot.

The largest inkpot I ever knew (writes a correspondent to Scraps) was used by one of the innumerable minor poets of Scotland. It exactly held thirty gallons—surely enough to write miles of poetry with. This particular poet used to be employed in a large drysaltery warehouse, where one of his many duties was to superintend the making of ink. It had to be kept boiling all the night; so the poet mended the fire, stirring the seething liquid, composed immortal verse to charm and delight mankind, and wrote the same on sugar paper with hot ink from a thirty-gallon pot.—Harper's Round Table.

Confusing the Court.

It was before an Irish trial justice. The evidence was all in, and the plaintiff's attorney had made a long, eloquent, and logical argument. Then the defendant's attorney took the floor. "What are you doing?" asked the justice, as the lawyer began. "Going to present our side of the case." "I don't want to hear both sides argued. It has a tindincy to confuse the coort." So the defendant's lawyer sat down.—New York Evening Post.

The Advantage.

"My wife has been studying geology, and the house is so full of rocks that I can't find a place to sit down."

"What will you do about it?"

"I've induced her to take up astronomy."

"Is that any better?"

"Of course; she can't collect specimens."—Chicago Record.

A Soft Answer.

"I am proud to say that my grandfather made his mark in the world," observed Mrs. Colonial Dame.

"Well, I guess he wasn't the only man in those days who couldn't write his name," replied Mrs. Lutton.

A Thrilling Rescue.

A YOUNG LIFE SAVED IN A REMARKABLE MANNER.

Florence Sturdivant, of Grindstone Island, Saved from an Untimely Death—Her Dangerous Predicament.

From "On The St. Lawrence," Clayton, N. Y.

Among the Thousand Islands is one called Grindstone. It is seven miles long and three wide. The inhabitants of this island are a well-informed class of people who devote their energies to farming and quarrying for a livelihood. In the home of one of these islanders resides Florence J. Sturdivant, the four-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Sturdivant. She had a remarkable experience recently.

FLORENCE J. STURDIVANT.

In an interview with a reporter Mr. Sturdivant said: "Florence was taken sick in February, 1896, with scarlet fever and we immediately called a physician. After two weeks the fever subsided but Florence was left with a very weak back. Severe pains were constantly in the back and stomach. The difficulty seemed to baffle the efforts of the physician.

"Finally at the end of four months of treatment, we found our patient completely prostrated. At this time we called an eminent physician, who agreed with the diagnosis of our physician. He prescribed a course of treatment and we followed it faithfully for three months, but instead of improving, Florence failed.

"A brother of my wife, who resided in Canada, but was visiting us, advised us to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and I purchased a box of the pills and began to give them to Florence. This was in October, 1896. After using the pills a short time we could see an improvement. Her strength began to return and her appetite was restored. When she had taken one box the pains in her back and stomach ceased and her recovery seemed certain.

"We eagerly purchased a second box of pills and watched with delight the change for the better that was being wrought daily. Florence finally became strong enough to walk a little. She gained in flesh and strength rapidly. By the time she had used three boxes of the pills she was evidently well. We continued the treatment using another box, the fourth, to prevent the possibility of a recurrence of the difficulty.

"We cannot praise too highly the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I am positive that without their use our child would have been a confirmed invalid."

(Signed) WILLIAM H. STURDIVANT.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this sixth day of April, 1897.

H.W. MORSE, *Notary Public.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10¢ 25¢ 50¢
ALL DRUGGISTS
ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 217.

What brings release from dirt and grease? Why don't you know?

SAPOLIO

STOVE NAPTHA, the Cheapest and Best Fuel on the market. With it you can run a Vapor Stove for one-half cent per hour. Give us a call and be convinced.

W. O. Holmes, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Eshleman & Wolf, "
L. E. Wharey, "
W. F. Hartman, "

RAM'S HORN BLASTS.

Christ did not come into the world to reform it, but to give it his own life.

The Christian should keep out of the path in which he cannot find the footprints of his Lord.

Every drunkard's wife knows that there is a devil.

Before we can live right, we must first love right.

The best preaching is not always done in the pulpit.

Perfect peace is always the result of perfect trust in God.

Whoever sows good seed has God's word for a good crop.

Sheep are sometimes taken over a bad road to a good pasture.

When we grumble much, it is a sure sign that we pray too little.

Many a man wants better preaching, who has no wish for better living.

The saloon will go in a hurry, when the church gets after it in earnest.

It is easier for water to run up hill than for a selfish man to be happy.

Only by keeping close to Christ can you give a safe path to the man who follows you.

Every man who has on the whole armor of God will be sure to have war with the devil.

Thought Transference.

In an address delivered before the Society for Psychical Research, there were a number of excellent arguments advanced on the subject of telepathy or thought transference. The speaker took the ground that much of what seems obscure in this world is so largely because we take a certain position for granted and then argue from it. The wave theory is admitted by scientists and it is not impossible or, indeed, improbable that intense thought consentrated by one person upon a sympathetic friend or associate should produce a distinct impression and create a telepathic current which should convey brain waves to the mind of the individual upon whom the thoughts were centred. It is proposed to study this subject and to make tests and experiments with a view to ascertain just how far this sympathetic influence may extend. It must not, however, be overlooked that there are persons who are keenly susceptible to such impressions, while others are not easily affected by influences of this nature.—*The Ledger.*

Microscopic Penmanship.

The subject of microscopic workmanship readily divides itself into two classes—penmanship and mechanical construction. History has handed down to us many examples of this form of caligraphic mania, of which the chief symptom is a desire to compress the greatest number of words into the smallest possible space.

Pliny the Younger declares that Cicero once saw the Iliad written so small that it could be inclosed in a walnut shell. This affirmation was regarded as improbable until the seventeenth century, when Huet, bishop of Avranches, France, an excellent Greek scholar, proved that it could be accomplished.

The Gospel of St. John and the Acts of the Apostles were written within the circumference of a farthing in the sixth century by an Italian monk.—Boston *Commonwealth.*

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy catharic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c. 4-1 1y.

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at McKillip Bros., Bloomsburg. The best are the cheapest.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .16
Eggs per dozen	.12
Lard per lb	.07
Ham per pound	.12
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07
Wheat per bushel	1.00
Oats " "	.30
Rye " "	.50
Wheat flour per bbl	4.80
Hay per ton	12 to $14
Potatoes per bushel, new	.75
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.20
Tallow per lb	.05
Shoulder " "	.08
Side meat " "	.08
Vinegar, per qt	.07
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	.12
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.80
Sheep pelts	.75
Shelled corn per bus	.45
Corn meal, cwt	1.50
Bran, "	.85
Chop "	.85
Middlings "	.85
Chickens per lb new	.11
" " " old	.10
Turkeys " "	.12½
Geese " "	.10
Ducks " "	.08

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.60
" 4 and 5 "	3.85
" 6 at yard	2.35
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.60

The Leading Conservatory of America
CARL FAELTEN, Director.
Founded in 1853 by E. Tourjée.
NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC. BOSTON, MASS.
FRANKLIN Sq.
Send for Prospectus giving full information.
FRANK W. HALE, General Manager.

NEW DINING ROOMS.

A LARGE and well furnished dining room has been opened by HARRY AURAND, on the second floor of his restaurant. Meals will be served at the regular dining hours for 25c. and they can also be obtained at any time. The table will be supplied with the delicacies of the season and the service will be first-class.

Entrance by door between Restaurant and Malfatera's grocery store.

PATENTS

Caveats and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE THE U. S. PATENT OFFICE. We have no sub-agencies, all business direct, hence can transact patent business in less time and at Less Cost than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A book, "How to Obtain Patents," with references to actual clients in your State, County or town sent free. Address

C. A. SNOW & CO., Washington, D. C.
(Opposite U. S. Patent Office.)

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
G. SNYDER, Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Large and convenient sample rooms, rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS
For all Bilious and Nervous Diseases. They purify the Blood and give Healthy action to the entire system.
Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES
5-27-6m.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, July 23, 1897.

The Senators who opposed the tariff bill began their kicking several weeks too late. Had they not allowed themselves to be tricked by the trust-bound supporters of the bill while it was being considered in the Senate they might have had everything that they kicked too late for, and might even have succeeded in defeating the bill. When cotton ties, cotton bagging and burlaps were put on the free list, and the duty on white pine lumber was reduced to $1, the trust-bound Senators did it merely to keep the opposition quiet, and with no intention of allowing them to remain. Had the kicking been done at that stage of the game it would have been easy to have secured pledges that would have insured those items being let alone in conference. To kick on the conference report could accomplish nothing, unless backed by votes enough to reject the report, because the report had to be accepted or rejected as a whole. The new tariff will do more for the democrats than any idle kicking on the floor of the Senate could do.

The fight against the confirmation of J. V. Powderly to be Commissioner General of Immigration has become so warm that Mr. McKinley has requested the republican Senators not to have a vote taken upon the nomination until the regular session of Congress. The labor leaders who are fighting confirmation say they have pledges from a sufficient number of Senators to make the rejection certain, if the vote were taken now, and Mr. McKinley regards rejection as so probable that he has promised to give the place to another man. He wants Powderly to hold it during the recess of Congress, in payment of campaign obligations.

Senator Tillman was a very mad man when Czar Reed made the House committee on Rules refuse his request for a special order for the House to vote upon his Dispensary bill, already passed by the Senate, at this session. Representative Elliot, of S. C., opposed the granting of Senator Tillman's request.

According to an expert business man, the following is the tax that will be paid to the sugar, tobacco, and leather trusts, on account of the new republican tariff: An average of 50 cents more for each pair of shoes; from 25 cents to $1 more for every leather satchel or trunk; from 15 to 25 per cent. advance in price of belts, straps, harness and other leather goods; ½ to 1 cent a pound more for sugar, and a general advance in prices and deterioration in quality of all candies and preserves; an advance of 50 cents a box on imported cigars and a general lowering of quality in all grades of cigars and cigarettes.

Some of Speaker Reed's admirers are very sore because they accepted that little fairy story about the House conferees standing out for a sugar schedule that would operate against the trust, and played sugar stock to fall. Its tremendous use, which is now history, caught them for large amounts.

Although Senator Wolcott, Mr. Stevenson and Gen. Paine may not know it, they are, unless all indications are at fault, being used as tools by the single standard gold men. While they suppose themselves in Europe for the purpose of making friends for international bimetalism, it looks as though they were there merely to help the single standard gold men retain their grip on the United States. It will be remembered that these gentlemen were instructed before their departure for Europe that all their negotiations must be conducted through or in conjunction with the U. S. Ambassadors. Therein lies the whole plot. The U. S. Ambassadors to Great Britain, France and Germany are each as strong advocates of the single gold standard as Secretary Gage is. They had privately made known the situation in the United States to the governments to which they are accredited before the arrival of the silver commission—that unless the single gold standard countries came to the rescue the silver men would elect a majority of the next House, the Senate already having a silver majority, and be in a position to pass a free coinage bill. Nothing more substantial was asked than that those governments should agree to the holding of an international conference next year, and now the announcement has been made that one will be held next fall. The date will be specially arranged so that the Congressional elections will take place before it is known that the conference is a failure as it is certain to be. The conference is relied upon to keep those republicans who believe in the possibility of international bimetalism in the party traces. It is quite a nice scheme, but its success depends upon the willingness of many voters to allow themselves to be hoodwinked into the belief that the international monetary conference will do something.

London Built on Graveyards.

The city of London is veritably built on old graveyards. Within the city and county limits there are 362 burial grounds, of which some 40 are still in use, while close upon a hundred are now the sites of pretty and much frequented gardens. When Christopher Wren dug the foundations for the St. Paul's Cathedral, he found, going down to an immense depth, layers of graves—first those from Norman times down, then Saxon ones, and beneath them old British graves. Still deeper were found many Roman urns. Each of the churches with which old London was crowded had its own graveyard, but since these were found to be plague spots in the time of the great cholera epidemic they have one after another been abandoned.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Interest Rules.

Answers all being in cents, separate the two right hand figures to express dollars and cents:

Four Per Cent.—Multiply the principal by the number of days to run, separate right hand figure from the product and divide by 9.

Five Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days and divide by 72.

Six Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days, separate right hand figure, and divide by 6.

Eight Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days and divide by 45.

Nine Per Cent.—Multiple by number of days, separate right hand figure, and divide by 4.

Ten Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days and divide by 36.

Twelve Per Cent.—Multiply by number of day, separate right hand figure, and divide by 3.

To find the time in which a sum of money will double itself at a certain rate of interest, divide 72 by the rate of interest, and the result will be the number of years. For example, at 4 per cent, money will double in 18 years; at 8 per cent, it doubles in 9 years. The rule is correct to within a fraction of a year for all rates from 3 per cent, upward.

In Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and America, the five great continents, Shaker medicines are being used by suffering humanity for the cure of sickness and disease.

Never was there such a universal demand, never such wonderful results.

Shaker Digestive Cordial, a cure for indigestion, is prepared from herbs and roots, and is a natural remedy, which cures by aiding nature and not by fighting her.

Shaker Digestive Cordial makes those fat, who have become thin by not digesting their food.

It restores the spirits and appetite of those who are dejected and fagged out from the wearing effects of indigestion.

It relieves the symptoms of dyspepsia, and, after using for a reasonable time, finally cures the complaint.

Sold by druggists. Trial bottle 10c.

L. A. W. MEET, PHILADELPHIA.

Half Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the annual meet of the League of American Wheelmen at Philadelphia, August 4 to 7, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell special tickets from all points on its system to Philadelphia and return at rate of a single fare for the round trip. No rate less than twenty-five cents. Tickets will be sold and will be good going on August 3 and 4, and good to return until August 9, 1897, inclusive. 7-22-2t.

THE HEART MUST NOT BE TRIFLED WITH.—Where there are symptoms of heart weakness, there should be Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, it is a magical remedy, gives relief in thirty minutes, and there are thousands who testify that it cures permanently. Mrs. W. T. Rundle, of Dundalk, Ont., says: "I was for years unable to attend to my household duties. I used Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, the result was wonderful, the pain left immediately after the first dose, and a few bottles cured."
Sold by C. A. Kleim.

MAARKEN WEDDING.

AN INTERESTING CEREMONY IN THAT QUEER LITTLE ISLAND.

An Engagement of Five Years is the Usual Custom and During that Time the Lovers See Very Little of Each Other and are Never Alone.

It was a bright Sunday in June that I chose for my visit to this little triangular island of Maarken, situated in the Zuyder Zee, whose inhabitants, according to Washington Irving, have settled conclusively, to their own minds at least, the long-disputed question concerning the situation of the Garden of Eden. Inclosed by a broad dyke, that keeps out the encroaching waters of the Zee, these fishermen, with their families, live their quiet lives. Many of the women, and even the men, have never ventured beyond its narrow limits. An air of unusual excitement prevailed over the whole island the day of my visit. Following the direction taken by the various groups, I found myself in front of the church, and when a few minutes later, hand in hand, a couple, in holiday attire, gravely entered I knew instinctively that it was a wedding that had so moved the calm, stolid Dutch peasantry. The bridal couple approached the altar, entirely alone, and the burgomaster addressed a few remarks and questions to them. Then he extended his hands in blessing and solemnly shook hands with first the groom, then the bride, and the ceremony was ended. Quietly, without a word or sign to or from any one, they turned, and, hand in hand, slowly left the church and walked in the middle of the street to their new home, which the groom, according to custom, entered first, the bride following about a minute later, both having removed their shoes and left them on the outside. Not a word or a glance was exchanged between them. The little bride was most picturesque. Her dark stuff skirt over a white petticoat was just short enough to show her feet, incased in blue knit stockings and leather shoes with silver buckles. A white spenser, over which was a bodice or corselet, green in front and red behind, heavily embroidered in gold and silver thread. These bodices are works of art; the embroidery is most gorgeous, and it takes years to finish one. They are handed down from mother to daugher as heirlooms. Like all the women on the island, old and young, the little bride wore a white cap covering all the hair excepting a square bang in front, and a long yellow curl on either side of the face. The groom's knickerbockers would have made a bicycle girl envious. He wore a striped waistcoat over red shirt, a long silver chain, and collar buttons, also heirlooms. At a certain age, somewhere near sixteen, the girls assume the "shako" or cap worn by the women. After this they can "smuggle," as the term is, or in English they make their debut. In the evening, after the fishing boats come in, the young men and maidens assemble in the harbor and sit in the boats together. As soon as they become engaged, all this is changed. The girl stays at home and learns to be a good housewife, weaves and makes her lines, etc. The engagement usually lasts five years. During this time the young couple seldom see each other, never alone. The man fishes, builds a home and makes ready for his bride. —A. P. W. in Washington Star.

ELECTRIC PROTECTION OF SAFES.

Protected in Every Way by Appliances which will Give the Alarm.

The latest idea for the protection of money and valuables is to have the safe which contains them secured inside a cabinet. Where the safe is kept in a vault the vault serves the purposes of a cabinet. In either case an electric lining is used, consisting of strips of metal mounted in connection with the thin metal sheets, so arranged that even a pin thrust through the cabinet and penetrating the lining will sound the alarm. The door of the vault can not be opened, nor can the curtain of the cabinet be raised, until a time lock has disconnected it from the alarm system. In order that the alarm box may be proof against molestation, it is made of steel and placed within a hood lined in the same way at the cabinet. Any attempt at tampering will cause an alarm to be sounded, as in the case of the cabinet. The door is held closed by heavy lag bolts, the partial removal of any of which will give a warning signal. There are several of these lag bolts, and before the door can be opened they have all to be removed, which requires a considerable length of time.

Taking No Chances.

There used to be a peculiar old justice of the peace in Vevay, Ind., down near the Ohio river, who entertained very queer notions concerning court procedure. On one occasion, after all the evidence was in and the plaintiff's attorney had made an elaborate argument, the defendant's attorney arose to begin his plea.

"Hold on there," exclaimed the Court. "I don't believe I can let you proceed, Mr. Smith. I have a very clear idea now of the guilt of the prisoner at the bar, and anything from you at this time would have a tendency to confuse the Court. I know the man is guilty now, and I don't want to take any chances."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Saving Time.

A Paris shopkeeper wrote to one of his customers as follows:

"I am able to offer you cloth like the inclosed sample at nine francs the metre. In case I do not hear from you, I shall conclude that you wish to pay only eight francs a metre. In order to lose no time, I accept the last-mentioned price."

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly.
Best after dinner pills.
25 cents. All druggists.
Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.
The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Imaginary Troubles.

Shakespeare makes Cæsar say that cowards die many times before their deaths. And so they do. And so do thousands upon thousands of persons who grunt their lives away. They make themselves old with imagined aches and pains, and anticipated distress. It is not good to give way to megrims. Anticipation brings the misery that it looks for. If we think we are sick, we shall be sick. If we anticipate decrepitude, it will run to meet us. Borrowing trouble is another fruitful cause of gray hairs and crows' feet. And this is a weakness more common in women than in men; for while a man may be unduly nervous and worried about his business and other affairs of import, his wife will fret over trivial affairs. She worries about the dust on the furniture, the scorched or undertone bread, the style of her bonnet or the fit of her gown—and these things make her old as surely as do real troubles. Let us all, then, keep clean minds in clean bodies. Let us keep light hearts, and interest ourselves in the happiness and enjoyment of others. By so doing we may grow old without feeling old, and without looking old—that is, we grow old gracefully.

WATSONTOWN, PA., June 28, 1897. W. E. Lordacker of this place is among those who have proved in their own experience the great merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. He says: "I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla with gratifying results. I was broken down in health, but after taking the medicine for two months I was able to attend to business and was soon in better health than ever before."

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Championed by a Dog.

Several years ago in Wisconsin, before the Indian had retired from the neighborhood of the white man, a mother and her little girl were alone in their cottage on the edge of a great forest. Everything seemed peaceful, and there was no thought of danger. The mother sat inside the door sewing, while the child was in the bright sunshine playing. Their large black dog Cuff was the only other member of the family. Suddenly half a dozen Indians fresh from a recent raid on whiskey stood in the doorway and demanded more whiskey. The lady had no whiskey but offered them food and drink. The Indians, however, were drunk, and before the mother could interfere, the roughest seized the little girl and was making off with her when the dog, which had wandered away a short distance, came bounding back. in an instant he had the savage by the throat and threw him to the ground. The others, having no firearms, beat a hasty retreat. The dog kept a tight grip on the Indian until they had all gone, then released him and, he also departed.—*Our Dumb Animals.*

Elizabeth, N. J., Oct., 19, 1896.
ELY BROS., Dear Sirs:—Please accept my thanks for your favor in the gift of a bottle of Cream Balm. Let me say I have used it for years and can thoroughly recommend it for what it claims, if directions are followed.
Yours truly,
(Rev.) H. W. HATHAWAY.
No clergyman should be without it. Cream Balm is kept by all druggists. Full size 50c. Trial size 10c. We mail it.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren St.
N. Y. City.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT, BUFFALO.

Half Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, at Buffalo, August 23, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell special tickets from all points on its system to Buffalo and return at rate of a single fare for the round trip. These tickets will be sold and will be good going on August 21 to 23, and good to return not earlier than August 24 nor later than August 31, 1897. 7-22-2t.

DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER IS QUICK AND PAINLESS.—There's no long coaxing and tedious waiting for relief for Catarrh of Head, Colds, in using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder It's instantaneous in giving relief, it's harmless, painless. It relieves in 10 minutes and perseverance in chronic cases will insure a permanent cure.
Sold by C. A. Kleim.

WE MANUFACTURE

From distilled and filtered water. In our storage rooms we preserve butter, eggs, meats, green and dried fruits, furs, carpets and woolen goods.

COLD STORAGE & ARTIFICIAL ICE CO.
4-29-3m Bloomsburg, Pa.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	EAST. A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	6 25	1.50	10 05	5 50
Cameron	6 38	.....	.....	6 03
Chulasky	.....	.....	.....	6 07
Danville	6 50	2 12	10 26	6 13
Catawissa	7 03	2 26	10 39	6 28
Rupert	7 09	2 31	10 44	6 33
Bloomsburg	7 18	2 36	10 49	6 39
Espy	7 23	2 42	.....	6 45
Lime Ridge	7 30	2 48	.....	6 52
Willow Grove	7 34	2 52	.....	6 56
Briarcreek	7 38	.....	.....	7 00
Berwick	7 43	3 01	11 12	7 06
Beach Haven	7 54	3 07	11 18	7 12
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 13	.....	7 18
Shickshinny	8 10	3 24	11 33	7 35
Hunlock's	8 20	3 34	.....	7 40
Nanticoke	8 27	3 42	11 49	7 54
Avondale	8 32	3 47	.....	7 58
Plymouth	8 37	3 52	11 56	8 03
Plymouth Junction	8 42	3 57	.....	8 07
Kingston	8 50	4 05	12 05	8 12
Bennett	8 53	4 08	.....	8 16
Forty Fort	8 56	4 11	.....	8 19
Wyoming	9 01	4 17	12 16	8 25
West Pittston	9 06	4 22	.....	8 30
Susquehanna Ave	9 10	4 25	12 23	8 33
Pittston	9 15	4 30	12 26	8 39
Duryea	9 19	4 34	.....	8 44
Lackawanna	9 24	4 37	.....	8 48
Taylor	9 32	4 45	12 40	8 57
Bellevue	9 37	4 50	.....	9 02
SCRANTON	9 42	4 55	12 48	9 07
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.	P. M

STATIONS.	WEST. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 00	9 55	1 55	6 00
Bellevue	6 05	.....	.....	.....
Taylor	6 10	10 04	2 05	6 10
Lackawanna	6 18	10 11	2 13	6 17
Duryea	6 22	10 14	2 16	6 21
Pittston	6 28	10 18	2 20	6 24
Susquehanna Ave	6 32	10 21	2 23	6 28
West Pittston	6 35	10 24	2 27	6 31
Wyoming	6 40	10 29	2 32	6 36
Forty Fort	6 45	.....	.....	.....
Bennett	6 48	10 36	2 39	6 44
Kingston	6 54	10 39	2 45	6 53
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 43	2 50	.....
Plymouth	7 04	10 47	2 54	7 00
Avondale	7 09	.....	2 58	7 07
Nanticoke	7 14	10 54	3 03	7 14
Hunlock's	7 20	11 00	3 10	7 20
Shickshinny	7 31	11 10	3 24	7 35
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 23	3 35	7 47
Beach Haven	7 54	11 32	3 42	7 58
Berwick	8 00	11 40	3 49	8 06
Briarcreek	8 06	.....	3 55	.....
Willow Grove	8 10	11 50	3 59	8 11
Lime Ridge	8 14	11 56	4 04	8 1
Espy	8 21	12 04	4 11	8 2
Bloomsburg	8 28	12 12	4 17	8 36
Rupert	8 34	12 18	4 23	8 36
Catawissa	8 40	12 23	4 29	8 41
Danville	8 55	12 37	43	8 56
Caulasky	.....	.....	4 49	...
Cameron	9 05	12 46	4 54	9 10
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 20	1 00	5 08	9 22
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. & R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

SOUTH.— ARRIVE.				B. & S. R. R. STATIONS.	—NORTH LEAVE			
a m	a. m.	p m	p. m.		a m	p m	p m	a m
7.10	11.40	6.30	2.40	Bloomsbu'g	8.30	2 40	6 40	6.10
7.08	11.35	6.36	2.3	" P. & R.	8.33	2.42	6.44	6.13
7.03	11.34	6.24	2.35	" Main st.	8.36	2.45	6.47	
		6.20	2.32	Irondale		2.47	6.50	6.25
6.53	11.23	6.12	2 20	Paper Mill	8 44	2.54	6.58	6.37
6.50	11.20	6.09	2.15	Light St.	8.47	3.00	7.02	6.50
6.40	11.10	5.59	2.00	Orangeville	8.56	3.10	7.10	7.10
6.29	11.01	5.48	1.35	Forks	9.08	3.20	7.20	7.35
6.25	10.58	5.44	1.30	Zaner's	9.09	3.25	7.24	7.45
6.18	10.53	5.37	1.25	Stillwater	9.13	3.30	7.29	8.00
6.08	10.43	5.27	1.10	Benton	9.23	3.40	7.39	8.40
6.04	10.40	5.22	12.25	Edson's	9.26	3.43	7.44	8.50
6.02	10.38	5.20	12.30	Cole's Cr'k	9.28	3.47	7.48	8.53
5.58	10.35	5.16	12.25	Sugarloaf	9.31	3.52	7.52	9.00
5.53	10.32	5.13	12 20	Laubach	9.35	3.57	7.57	9.10
5.43	10.23	5.03	12.05	Central	9.45	4.07	8.07	9 30
5.40	10.20	5.00	11.50	Jam. City	9.50	4.10	8.10	9.40
a m	a m	p m	p m		a m	p m	p m	a m
LEAVE								ARRIVE

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY.

500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

CURES { Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation
A. A.—Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever.
B. B.—Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C. C.—Distemper, Nasal Discharges.
D. D.—Bots or Grubs, Worms.
E. E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia.
F. F.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache.
G. G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages.
H. H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases.
I. I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange.
J. K.—Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis.

Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - - .60
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - - 1.00

Sold by Druggists; or sent prepaid anywhere and in any quantity on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for **Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness,** and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

HINDERCORNS The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15c. at Druggists.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

If you are **CONSUMPTIVE** or have Indigestion, Painful Pile or Debility of any kind use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. Many who were hopeless and discouraged have regained health by its use. 7-8-4t.d.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN

Pennsylvania Railroad

Time Table in effect June 20, '97.

Scranton(D & H)lv	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Pittston "	6 05	9 38	2 38	4 41
	7	10 00	2 50	5 06
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wilkesbarre....lv	7 30	10 15	3 15	6 00
Plym'th Ferry "	7 38	10 30	3 25	6 08
Nanticoke..... "	7 46	10 37	3 32	6 17
Mocanaqua .... "	8 01	10 45	3 52	6 37
Wapwallopen. "	8 13	10 55	4 07	6 47
Nescopeck .....ar	8 24	11 10	4 11	7 00
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Pottsville. lv	6 00	9 05	12 55	3 00
Hazleton ..... "	7 10	11 25	2 10	5 50
Tomhicken..... "	7 30	11 25	2 28	6 10
Fern Glen..... "	7 38	11 34	2 37	6 18
Rock Glen..... "	7 43	11 40	2 43	6 25
Nescopeck..... ar	8 07	.....	3 10	6 50
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Nescopeck.....lv	8 24	11 10	4 11	7 00
Creasy..... "	8 33	Via	4 21	7 09
Espy Ferry..... "	8 43	Rock	4 30	7 18
E. Bloomsburg"	8 47	Glen	4 33	7 23
			P. M.	
Catawissa..... ar	8 55	12 20	4 40	7 30
Catawissa.....lv	8 55	12 20	4 39	7 30
S. Danville..... "	9 14	12 38	4 57	7 47
Sunbury..... "	9 35	1 00	5 20	8 10
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury.....lv	9 45	1 10	5 34	9 25
Lewisburg ....ar	10 15	1 45	6 08	.....
Milton ..... "	10 10	1 39	6 02	9 52
Williamsport.. "	11 00	2 30	6 53	10 80
Lock Haven.... "	11 59	3 40	7 57	11 34
Renovo ..... "	A. M.	4 40	8 55	.....
Kane..... "	.....	9 00	.....	.....
		P. M.		
Lock Haven...lv	P. M.	12 10	3 45	.....
Bellefonte.....ar	12 10	1 05	4 44	.....
Tyrone..... "	1 05	2 15	6 00	.....
Philipsburg.... "	2 15	4 23	8 20	.....
Clearfield ..... "	4 23	5 06	9 09	.....
Pittsburg ..... "	5 06	7 00	11 30	.....
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury.....lv	9 50	1 55	5 27	8 30
Harrisburg....ar	11 30	3 20	6 55	10 10
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Philadelphia..ar	3 00	6 23	11 17	4 30
Baltimore..... "	3 10	6 00	9 45	.....
Washington .. "	4 10	7 15	10 55	.....
	A. M.	P. M.		
Sunbury lv	10 05	2 45	.....	.....
Lewistown Jc ar	P. M. 12 05	4 37	.....	.....
Pittsburg..... "	7 00	11 30	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg.....lv	11 45	3 50	7 30	10 20
Pittsburg.....ar	P. M. 7 00	11 30	2 00	A. M. 5 30

§ Weekdays. Daily. f Flag station.

Pittsburg.....lv	P. M. 8 10	P. M. 8 10	A. M. 5 30	A. M 8 00
Harrisburg.....ar	A. M. 3 30	A. M. 3 30	10 00	P. M. 3 10
		A. M.		A. M
Pittsburg.....lv	.....	.....	.....	8 00
Lewistown Jc."	.....	7 30	.....	P. M. 3 15
Sunbury..... ar	.....	9 18	.....	5 10
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M
Washington....lv	10 40	.....	7 50	10 50
Baltimore ..... "	11 50	4 65	8 50	12 00
Philadelphia..."	11 20	4 30	8 30	12 25
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M	P. M.
Harrisburg.....lv	3 35	8 05	11 40	3 55
Sunbury.....ar	5 08	9 40	1 10	5 29
	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg.....lv	1 00	.....	3 30	8 00
Clearfield ..... "	4 09	.....	.....	9 31
Philipsburg.. "	4 56	.....	.....	10 14
Tyrone..... "	7 15	.....	8 10	12 30
Bellefonte..... "	8 31	.....	9 32	1 42
Lock Haven...ar	9 30	.....	10 30	2 43
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Erie lv	3 25	.....	.....	.....
Kane ..... "	7 05	.....	6 30	.....
Renovo ..... "	10 35	.....	10 25	.....
Lock Haven.... "	11 20	7 30	11 20	3 00
	A. M.		P. M.	
Williamsport.. "	12 25	8 30	12 40	4 00
Milton ..... "	1 22	9 18	1 27	4 56
Lewisburg..... "	.....	9 05	1 15	4 47
Sunbury..... ar	1 50	9 45	1 35	5 23
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury.....lv	5 25	9 25	2 00	5 43
S. Danville..... "	5 48	10 17	2 22	6 07
Catawissa..... "	6 08	10 35	2 40	6 24
E. Bloomsburg"	Via	10 43	2 46	6 32
Espy Ferry..... "	Rock	10 47	2 50	6 36
Creasy ..... "	Glen.	10 56	3 00	6 46
Nescopeck ....ar	8 07	11 10	3 18	6 59
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Nescopeck.....lv	.....	11 10	4 15	7 05
Rock Glen.....ar	6 52	11 35	4 40	7 31
Fern Glen..... "	6 59	11 43	4 46	7 37
Tomhicken..... "	7 10	11 54	4 55	7 48
		P. M.		
Hazleton ..... "	7 37	12 15	5 15	8 05
Pottsville ..... "	8 45	1 20	7 06	9 10
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Nescopeck.....lv	8 07	11 10	3 18	6 59
Wapwallopen.ar	8 18	11 22	3 29	7 09
Mocanaqua..... "	8 28	11 32	3 39	7 21
Nanticoke ..... "	8 48	11 54	3 52	7 42
		P. M.		
Plym'th Ferry "	8 56	12 02	4 01	7 52
Wilkesbarre.... "	9 05	12 10	4 10	8 00
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Pittston(D & H) ar	9 41	12 49	4 55	8 32
Scranton " "	10 10	1 16	5 22	9 03

† Weekdays. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Philadelphia & Reading R'y

In effect May 29, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.45 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.30 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.30.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.45 a. m., 12.20, 3.30 5.00 6.32, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.45 a. m., 12.20, 3.30 5.00, 6.33, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.35, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.35 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 541, 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 823 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia 10.05 a. m.
Leave Reading 11.55 a. m.
Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.
Leave Tamaqua 1.27 a. m.
Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.20 a m, 4.30 p m.
Leave Catawissa weekdays. 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30 3.30, 6.15.
Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27, a. m., 11.56 1.37, 3.40, 6.28.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 8.00, 9.00, 10.45 a. m. (Saturdays only, 1.30) 2.00, 3.00, 3.40, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.40, 7.00 p. m. Accom. 8.00 a. m., 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAYS—7

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.
All communications should be addressed to

THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, JULY 29, 1897.

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE
A. B. CROOP
of Briarcreek.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR SHERIFF,
ALBERT HERBINE
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR SHERIFF,
H. O. KLINE
of Berwick.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR SHERIFF,
W. W. BLACK
of Rohrsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
A. B. HERRING
of Orangeville.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
JAMES I. CAMPBELL
of Fishingcreek twp.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE.
DR. F. W. REDEKER
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

DEMOCRATIC RULES.

ARTICLE I.

OF THE PRIMARY ELECTION.

Sec. 1. The annual county convention shall be held at Bloomsburg the second Tuesday of June, 11 o'clock in the fornoon and the primary election shall be held on the preceding Saturday at the places of holding the General Elections in the several election districts between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock in the afternoon.

Sec. 2. The primary election shall be by ballot and shall be conducted by the Judge and two Inspectors of Election who shall be residents of the district and who shall be elected at the preceding Primary Election. Their duties shall be the same as defined in the general election laws.

The ballots shall not be numbered.

The said officers shall be sworn to perform their duties faithfully and as provided by law, they shall determine all questions of the right to vote at said election.

They shall make a list of the voters and make out two duplicate statements showing the result of such election, the total number of votes cast and the names of the persons voted for, and the number of votes cast for each; one of which statements shall be posted upon the door of the polling place immediately after the vote shall have been counted for the public information; the other of which statements shall be either mailed by Register Letter, or sent by Special Messenger to the address of the County Chairman. The said election officers shall indorse upon the envelope containing the same, or upon the statement, the day and the hour of the day when said statement was placed in the Post Office to be sent by register letter or of the delivery of the same to a special messenger, together with the name of the messenger.

The said officers shall also make out a return sheet showing the result of said election and a certificate to be signed by the election officers and enclose the same, together with the Poll Book, the tally list of voters and the original ballots cast, in an envelope, which shall be securely sealed and addressed to the chairman of the convention, and deliver the same to the newly elected judge of election.

The duties heretofore prescribed to be performed under this rule shall be performed by an election board before separating, and in the presence of the watchers, hereinafter provided for to be present at such election; where a vote is received after objection made by any watcher or member of election board said ballot shall be marked with the name of the individual voting it.

Sec. 3. No person shall be allowed to vote at any primary election who has voted against the democratic candidates at state or national elections within two years; or has opposed the Democratic ticket at the last preceding election; or has taken money or has agreed to take money or other thing of value, or any pecuniary advantage as a consideration for his vote at such primary election, or corrupted or attempted to corrupt any voter of the district with reference to the same, or has in any wise whatsoever violated the primary election laws.

Sec. 4. The voter shall indicate upon his ballot the person for whom he wishes to vote to be placed in nomination for the respective offices by crossing off the names of all persons for whom he does not wish to vote, or write upon the printed ballot, as provided to be furnished under these rules, the name of the person for whom he desires to vote to be placed in nomination for any office.

Sec. 5. If a ballot is cast at the primary election which does not contain names of all the candidates for a particular office, it shall be the duty of the election officers to reject such part of the ticket from the Count.

Sec. 6. The tickets to be furnished for the primary elections, as provided for in the rules, shall contain the names of all the candidates, who shall have registered with the Chairman of the County Committee with blank spaces under each group to enable the voter to add the name of any person for whom he wishes to vote.

Sec. 7. Upon a tie vote for choice of primary election officers, the acting judge of the election shall determine the choice by lot.

ARTICLE II.

OF THE CONVENTION.

Sec. 1. The County Convention shall be comprised of the newly elected judges of the primary election of the respective districts.

In case of the death, sickness or inability of the judge to attend upon the meeting of the County Convention, his duties as a Return Judge and as a member of the County Convention shall be performed by one of the newly elected inspectors for primary election, who shall present to the convention the proper evidence of his right as a member thereof.

Sec. 2. The convention shall be called to order by the Chairman of the County Committee, or in his absence by any member of the Committee who shall forthwith proceed to effect a temporary organization.

The Chairman of the convention shall appoint such clerks or tellers as may be necessary to facilitate the business of the convention.

Sec. 3. The Chairman of the County Committee shall have prepared a return statement, which shall have been compiled from the duplicate statements sent him from the several election districts, and present the same to the Chairman of the Convention. After the receipt of such return statement, or cause shown for its non production, the election returns from the different districts shall be called for, opened, and the returns examined and compared with the return statement.

Sec. 4. The candidate who shall have received the highest number of votes, as shown by the approved returns, shall be declared the nominee. In case of a tie vote, the nomination shall be determined by casting lots.

Where two persons are to be nominated for the same office the two candidates receiving the highest number of votes shall be nominated.

Sec. 5. It shall be good ground of objection to any return from any district that the duplicate statement directed to be sent to the County Chairman was unduly delayed, or that the provisions of the election laws and these rules were violated at such election.

Sec. 6. Whenever any question is raised as to the regularity of the return from any district, it shall be the duty of the Convention to appoint a Committee of at least five members of the Convention to inquire into and make report of the facts, and such recommendations as the Committee may deem proper.

But no return from any district shall be accepted in the Convention when it shall appear that the officers conducting the primary election have not complied with the provisions of these rules respecting the immediate posting of a statement showing the result of the election upon the door of the polling place, and the prompt transmission to the County Chairman of the duplicate statement.

Sec. 7. The voting in convention shall be open and any two members may require the yeas and nays on any question.

Sec. 8. Where candidates for delegates to the State Convention shall have registered with the Chairman—and shall have been voted for at the Primary Election—those receiving the highest number of votes shall be named as the Delegates.

OF ELIGIBILITY.

Sec. 1. If it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of a majority of the Convention, that any candidate before it for nomination to any office shall have offered or paid any money or valuable thing, or made any promise of money or valuable thing to take effect in future, as an inducement to any voter to vote for him at the primary election, or shall have caused the same to be done in his behalf; or if any candidate shall induce or attempt to induce another person to announce his name and run as the candidate for nomination to the same office for which he is seeking the nomination, with intent thereby to withdraw votes from some third candidate for nomination for the same office, or if such candidate shall cause and procure the same to be done by another in his behalf, the name of such candidate as well as the name of the candidate so induced to be a candidate, shall be immediately struck from the list of candidates; or if any such facts be ascertained after his nomination shall have been made, to the satisfaction of a majority of the members of the Standing Committee, the nomination shall be struck from the ticket and the vacancy supplied by a new nomination to be made by the members of the Standing Committee.

Any candidate offending against the provisions of this rule shall be ineligible to any nomination for a period of five years.

Sec. 2. No person shall be eligible to a nomination by the party who has opposed the democratic ticket at the next preceding election.

Sec. 3. Each and every candidate for nomination to any office desiring his name to be printed upon the tickets provided to be furnished under these rules, shall register his name, post office address and name of office for which he is candidate with the Chairman of the Standing Committee in a book kept for that purpose not less than thirty days before the Primary election, and pay to the chairman a registration fee as fixed by the executive committee.

ARTICLE III.

OF THE COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Sec. 1. The Standing Committee shall consist of one resident member from each election district, who shall be elected by the electors at the primary election. Eleven of their number shall constitute a quorum when regularly convened for the transaction of business.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the Chairman of the Committee to give public notice of the meetings of the Standing Committee in the Democratic papers published in the County for at least two weeks, and when the committee shall be convened in Special Session, the notice shall designate the purposes and objects of the meeting. The Committee shall be convened in special session upon the request of any five members thereof.

Sec. 3. Special conventions may be called when necessary, by the standing committee, the proceedings of which shall be in conformity with the rules.

Sec. 4. The standing committee, shall on the last Saturday of March, 1898, and annually thereafter elect from within or without their number, one person to act as Chairman, one person to act as Secretary, whose terms of office shall begin with the first Monday of April following, and shall continue for a period of one year, or until their respective successors shall have been elected.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the Chairman and Committee to have prepared a poll book containing a list of the Democratic voters of the several districts in the county, and to furnish to the officers to conduct the primary election with a copy of such poll book. The poll books shall be prepared at least ten days before the holding of the primary election, and be open to the inspection of Democratic voters.

Sec. 6. The election board shall check off the names of the persons voting at such primary election as the voters cast their ballots.

Sec. 7. The election board shall add to the list of voters as contained in the poll book; the names of all other qualified Democratic voters, voting at such election.

Sec. 8. The Chairman and Committee shall furnish the tickets for use at the primary election and the neces-

CONCLUDED ON PAGE 8.

Baby's Smooth, Fair Skin

Is Due to Hood's Sarsaparilla—It Cured Him of Dreadful Scrofulous Sores—Now In Good Health.

"At the age of two months, my baby began to have sores break out on his right cheek. We used all the local external applications that we could think or hear of, to no avail. The sores spread all over one side of his face. We consulted a physician and tried his medicine, and in a week the sore was gone. But to my surprise in two weeks more another scrofulous looking sore made its appearance on his arm. It grew worse and worse, and when he was three months old, I began giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla. I also took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before the first bottle was finished, the sores were well and have never returned. He is now four years old, but he has never had any sign of those scrofulous sores since he was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, for which I feel very grateful. My boy owes his good health and smooth, fair skin to this great medicine." MRS. S. S. WORTEN, Farmington, Delaware.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1, six for $5. Be sure to get Hood's.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

Merchant TAILOR, AND Hatter.

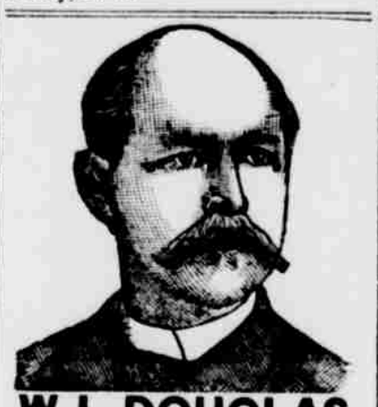
SUITS FROM $18.00.

CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts, BLOOMSBURG PA.

TROUSERS FROM $5.00.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet, and makes walking easy. Cures and prevents swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns aud bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it TO-DAY. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE Best in the World.

For 14 years this shoe, by merit alone, has distanced all competitors.

W. L. Douglas $5.00, $4.00 and $3.00 shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible at these prices. Also, $2.50 and $2.00 shoes for men, $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 for boys.

W. L. Douglas shoes are indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers as the best in style, fit and durability of any shoe ever offered at the prices.

They are made in all the latest shapes and styles, and of every variety of leather.

If dealer cannot supply you, write for catalogue to W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

JONES & WALTER,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

$15,000.00

TOWN OF BLOOMSBURG, PA., FOUR PER CENT. MUNICIPAL BONDS.

Proposals for Town Bonds of the Town of Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania.

Sealed proposals will be received until August 5th, at 7:30 p. m., at which time at the Council rooms of the Town of Bloomsburg, the said bids will be opened for the purchase of $15,000.00 four per cent. town bonds or any part thereof, of the said Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa. issued by the President and members of the Town Council, pursuant to the provisions of the Act of General Assembly, approved Apr. 20, 1874.

The said bonds will mature in twenty years from August 1st, 1897, the interest to be paid semi-annually, on Aug. 1st and Feb. 1st of each year, at the office of the Town Treasurer. All State tax to be paid by the Town. All bids to be addressed to A. N. Yost, Town Treasurer, and to be accompanied with a certified check for at least two per cent. of the total amount of the bid. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

W. R. KOCHER,
President of Town Council.
FREEZE QUICK, Sec. 7-29-1t.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Estate of Lloyd Kelchner, late of Montour township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Lloyd Kelchner, late of Montour township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administratrix to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and all those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

CATHARINE E. KELCHNER,
Administratrix.
Snyder, Atty. 7-29-6t*

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1897,

at two o'clock p. m., all that certain lot or parcel of land situate in the township of Jackson, Columbia county and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a chestnut thence by lands of Elias Mendenhall north twenty-three degrees east one hundred and five perches and four-tenths to a post, thence south seventy-three and one-half degrees east seventeen and two-tenths perches to a post, thence north twenty-three degrees east thirty-six and one-tenth perches to a post, thence by land of south seventy-three and one-half degrees east ninety-four and seven-tenths perches to a post, thence by land of William Brink south seventeen degrees west one hundred and forty and one-half perches to a post, thence by land of Iram Derr north seventy-three and one-half degrees west one hundred and twenty-seven and two-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing

ONE HUNDRED ACRES,

strict measure be the same more or less, where on are erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

barn and outbuildings, it being a part of a larger tract in the warrantee name of Harman Gearhart and formerly owned by the Assylum Company and conveyed to divers other persons until the 19th day of March, 1873, when the same was conveyed to Albert Williams, recorded in the office for the recording of deeds of Columbia county in Deed Book No. [illegible] pages No. 344 &c., and Albert Williams and Alice, his wife, conveyed to Joshua Bidler, and Joshua Bidler conveyed to Franklin Bidler, and Franklin Bidler conveyed to John M. Hartman.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Franklin Bidler vs. John M. Hartman and Lizzie Hartman and to be sold as the property of John M. Hartman and Lizzie Hartman.

Quick, Atty. J. B. McHENRY, Sheriff.
7-29-4t.

ANNUAL Summer Clearance Sale.

This is the season of the year when the wise merchant says good-bye to the balance of his distinctively seasonable summer stock. All the best authorities on store keeping agree that at this time of year the goods should be "hustled" out to get your stock in shape for fall, and to get the "cash" for your fall purchases. Here are a few items, many others at the store like them.

Wash Dress Goods.

We will have lots of HOT weather yet, lots of it, and now is your opportunity to purchase the necessary goods to keep cool in.

Zephyr Ginghams, the 12½c kind, at 5c the yard.

Madras Cloths, 36 in. wide, real value 15c, at 5c the yd.

Percales, 27 in. wide, was 10c, 5c the yard.

Organdies and Lappets, all this year's importations, extremely pretty, were 22c and 25c the yd., now 12½c the yd.

Light and dark Organdies and Lawns, regular price 12½c at 6¼c the yard.

Muslin Underwear.

You know the kind we sell, the Wm. Burns Co's. Nothing could be made better; you will agree with us when you see it, and it saves you time and trouble. Why not try us once and see if we are not right.

Wrappers.

Like everything else to be found here at our store, our wrappers are the finest on the market; "Keystone Brand." They are perfection of fit and workmanship.

One lot that were $2.25, and
" " " " 1.50,
now they are 1.00.

Counterpanes.

We offer you a Counterpane of fine quality, already hemmed worth at least $1.25, at 98c.

Shoes.

We sell shoes just as we do everything else. The best quality for the least money. Look at these lots.

Ladies' Oxford ties, coin toe, pat. leather tip, coin heel, value $3.00, price $1.98.

Ladies' laced and buttoned shoes, coin toe, coin heel, kid tip, regular price $3.50, now $2.74.

Another lot of children's shoes, sizes 4 to 10, all right in every respect, were 85c, $1.00, and $1.25, at 50c the pair.

Groceries.

Did you ever buy any here? If you have you know the price and quality are all O. K. If you have not you will find out if you give us a trial that we can save you money on them.

Soap, of a good quality, 14 cakes for 25c.

Van Camp Boston Baked Pork and Beans, usual price 15 and 25c, 12½ and 18c.

Corn starch, guaranteed perfectly pure, 4c the lb., 7 lbs. for 25c.

Whole Rice, nice clean goods 5c lb.

Hires Root Beer, finest made, 25c.

Pursel & Harman,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Stationery at Big Bargains!

We offer our entire line

Of fine Stationery, Books, Bibles, Leather goods, Pocket Books, and fancy goods at a discount of 20 per cent. from regular prices, until further notice.

We do this

In order to close it out, or make room for other lines of goods.

We mean exactly what we say, and it will save you money to take advantage of this offer at

HESS BROTHERS

Jewelers, Opticians and Stationers. Bloomsburg, Pa

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1897,

at two o'clock p. m., all the following described real estate, situate in Briarcreek township, Columbia county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by William Schuyler's land, on the east by land of C. A. Lamon, on the south by land of Geo. M. Bower and on the west by land of H. J. Edwards and William Hippensteel, containing

25 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, whereon is erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

stable and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Emma G. Jackson, now to use of Henry J. Edwards, vs. Anna M. Sitler Lynn, and to be sold as the property of Anna M. Sitler Lynn.

J. B. McHENRY,
Evans, Atty. Sheriff.

GET YOUR

JOB PRINTING

DONE AT THE

COLUMBIAN OFFICE

No More GREASY LAMPS
Can be Handled with Kid Gloves

NON-EXPLOSIVE

Patented in the United States and Principal Countries of the World. Send for copy of "Neverout" March free.

Price, $4.00 of your dealer, or delivered free on receipt of price by

ROSE MANUFACTURING CO.
311-13 N. THIRD ST., PHILADELPHIA.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived into taking any other, as the "NEVEROUT" is the only lamp that is guaranteed to positively stay lit (or money refunded), that is free from grease—yet burns kerosene—and that is absolutely non-explosive.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.,
NEW YORK.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JULY 29, 1897.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

W. W. Black, of Rhorsburg was in town on Monday.

Judge M. J. Phillips of Sullivan county, was a Bloomsburg visitor last week.

H. C. Dayton, a member of the firm of H. C. Dayton & Co., of New York, transacted business in town Monday.

Mrs. Lex of Philadelphia is a visitor at the home of her brother, C. H. Reice on East Third Stree.

Mrs. Dr. J. W. Bruner, and little son are visiting friends at Williamsport, Roaring Branch and Havana, N. Y.

Rev. C. H. Brandt, of the Reformed Church, who has been away on his annual vacation, returned home Friday.

W. D. Beckley went to New York on Monday on business for the Bloomsburg Brass & Copper Co.

Frank Aurand, of Jersey City, who had been visiting his father at Plymouth stopped off in town on his way home and spent Monday night with his brother Harry.

Willits Krug of Peckville, and El Krug of Wilkesbarre, came to town Sunday on their wheels and spent the day with their father in town. They returned home the same day.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

The Mahanoy City Athletic Association will hold their fourth annual race meet Friday August 13th.

A new stone pavement has been laid by Mrs. John Christman in front of her Railroad Street property.

Hazleton is entertaining 129 small children, sent to ' t city by the New York Tribune Fresh Air Fund.

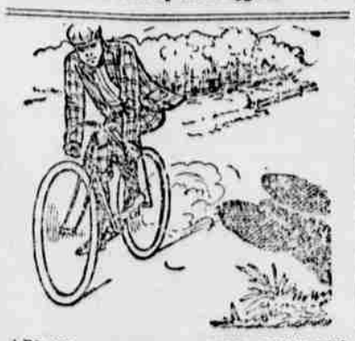
Clarence Yost's house at Van Camp was struck by lightning during the storm on Friday. The building was slightly damaged.

All the cottages at the Mt. Grove camp ground have been repainted. People who have been going there from year to year, will hardly know the place this season.

Andree, the plucky Sweedish balloonist, has apparently reached the north pole. A carrier pigeon was caught last week near Socoke, in Rifylke, and upon one of its feet was a silver ring, and the words "North Pole" stamped on its wings. The question is was it from Andree? If not some one is having lots of sport.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.



AFRAID OF HIS OWN SHADOW.

Riders of cheap jobbers' wheels always have this fear. If you don't have the money to buy a brand new wheel, we can interest you in SECOND HAND WHEELS of celebrated make.

CLEVELAND wheel, used but little, '96 pattern racer $45.

CLEVELAND TANDEM new tires and wheels, in perfect order, $65.00.

All Wheels in stock at Cost, We carry nothing over.

W. S. RISHTON.
Opposite P. O. Pharmacist,

The committee appointed to revise the rules of the Democratic party of Columbia county completed their work on Saturday. We publish their report in another column.

P. Solleder & Co's., leather and shoe finding house have just received 150 sides of Prime Oak and Hemlock sole leathers at rock bottom prices wholesale and retail. 3t.*

About five hundred people took in the P. O. S. of A. picnic at Mountain Park on Saturday. The day was rather wet and the threatening weather in the morning had the effect of keeping many away.

Explorer Andree evidently don't know the latest concerning the Klondike gold fields, or he would not content himself freeing pigeons about a mile in the air above Greenland.

Quite a curiosity is to be seen in the lot of I. Hagenbuch on Main Street in the shape of an apple tree which is full of blossoms. It is the first time we ever saw an apple tree in blossom at this time of the year.

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS ITEMS.

—The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company has issued an order compelling all employees to prove their citizenship, in order to avoid the three cent a day alien tax.

Luzerne County Commissioners have borrowed another 15,000 to bridge over until the taxes are turned in.

—The deputies who are inspecting Harrisburg's bakeshops find them in fair order, but they will likely improve before another order is made.

—John Sobol, who murdered Andrew Krutsic, in Elk County, on July 4, was arrested at Limestone, N. Y.

—Charles Reighard, aged 25, a farm laborer, was killed by a train while walking on the track at Hollidaysburg.

—Despondent Elizabeth Evans, aged 61, hanged herself and died at Hyde Park.

—During a quarrel as to a girl's favors Otto Shrank was dangerously stabbed at Weatherly.

—Rabbit shooters in Berks County are being vigorously prosecuted as violators of the game law.

—A fatal fall from a swing at Glen Onoko was suffered by Ulysses Krause, a Slatington lad.

—Mrs. Charles Lessig and Mrs. A. J. Muntz were seriously hurt in a runaway accident at Reading.

GOLD IN EVERY MIND,

The following article from San Francisco, gives some idea of the gold fever at that place.

"The throngs about every shipping office that has even the remotest Alaskan relations have by no means dimished. It would seem that the only circumstance which prevents the wholesale depopulation of San Francisco is the limit to the transportation facilities. Not only strong men whose broad backs, bronzed faces and work-worn hands tell of previous experience with the labor that literally sweats the brow but clerks and professional men and women in hundreds are seeking for information or transportation to the land where nuggets are to be had, they think for the picking up.

Every day sees some new scheme for overcoming the difficulties in the way of reaching the Klondike and the fleet of steamers and schooners pressed into the service is growing steadily. The latest of the Klondike transportation company schemes is being engineered by Captain Herriman & Mills, who has mapped out a plan for reaching the diggings by the middle of September.

He will charter a large sailing vessel and the party will consist of sixty men, each of whom will take one ton of provisions No one will be permitted to go unless he takes this quantity. Each one will be charged $225 for the trip and Captain Herriman thinks that for this sum he can land them in Dawson City before September 20.

The ship will carry a large lighter and a steam launch will be used to tow the lighter from St. Michaels to the Klondike. After reaching St. Michaels the cargo and passengers will be transferred to the lighter, Captain Herriman will return to San Francisco in the vessel and the party will be conducted to their journey's end by an agent of the firm who is thoroughly acquainted with the river.

The Alaska commercial company's steamer, "Excelsior," which left here to-day, will not make another trip to Alaska before June of next year. All of the accommodations to be disposed of for this trip were sold and the fact well advertised, but would-be passengers continue to throng the company's office.

The Commercial company not only declines to sell any more tickets, but its representatives do all in their power to dissuade applicants from making the trip until next year."

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c. 4 1-1y

Delegate Election and County Convention Call.

The Democratic voters of Columbia County will meet at the several places for holding the general election in their respective districts on Saturday, August, 7th 1897, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock P. M., and elect delegates to the County Convention and vote instructions for the persons to be nominated, subject to the rules of the Democratic Party of this County.

The delegates elected will meet at the Court House in Bloomsburg on Tuesday, August 10th, at 11 o'clock a. m., and place in nomination one person for Associate Judge and one person for Sheriff, Jury Commissioner and Coroner, and transact such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

Each election district in the County is entitled to two delegates, except Catawissa boro., Mifflin and Bloomsburg 3rd ward are entitled to three delegates each.

JOHN G. MCHENRY, Chairman.
R. G. F. KASHINKA, Secy.
7-22-3t.

THE NEW CAPITOL PLANS.

There is a general impression through the State that the plans for the new Capitol Building, submitted to the experts last Saturday, are to be placed on exhibition in Grace Church, the recent home of the Legislature. This is a mistake. None of the plans will be seen by the public uutil the final award has been made, on or before August 14.

The experts are now engaged in arranging the plans on the walls of the Senate, in Grace Church, but that is for the purpose of getting a better idea of them. Nobody will be allowed to see them except the experts, and they, of course, do not know the architects or their plans. They will judge solely upon merit. When the award is made, and the announcement to that effect given to the public, only the plan selected will be made public, and no other, without the consent of the architect.

The Board of public Buildings and Grounds is in receipt of numerous letters asking when the plans are to be made public, and why the plans and pictures of the new building are not printed, the impression being that at the Saturday's meeting the award was made. The matter is entirely out of the hands of the board, under the rules, and in the hands of the architects, who will report their selection to the board on or before August 7, and then it will be the province to ratify the choice, subject to certain changes that may or may not be suggested, according to whether the plan is perfect.

Girton Reunion.

The Girton Family will hold their sixth annual reunion in the Hess Grove at Rupert on Thursday the 12th day of August. If it should be stormy on that date, will be the day following. All the Girtons are cordially invited to attend.

By Order.
JNO. J. KREAMER,
Sec.

SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Governor on Saturday signed thirteen bills appropriating in the aggregate $446,667. Added to the bills appropriations officially sanctioned by the Governor last week foot up $4,300,223. The bills signed Saturday make the following appropriations:

Appropriation for extra work at the Polk Institution, $66,167.46.

Pennsylvania Nautical School Ship, Philadelphia, $24,000.

Pottsville Hospital, $20,000.

Rush Hospital for Consumption, Philadelphia, $10,000.

Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicine, $25,000.

Shenango Valley Hospital, New Castle, $7,500.

McKeesport Hospital, $10,000.

Children's Industrial Home, Harrisburg, $4,000.

Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School for Nurses, Philadelphia, $10,000.

Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, Philadelphia, $240,000.

Allentown Hospital Association, $5,000.

Philadelphia Home for Incurables, $15,000.

Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, Philadelphia, $10,000.

Fifty Years Ago.

This is the way it was bound to look
When grandfather had his "picter took."
These were the shadows cast before
The coming of Conjurer Daguerre
And his art; like a girl in a pinafore
Some day to bloom to a goddess fair.
Men certainly were not as black, we know
As they pictured them, 50 years ago.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

began to make new men, just as the new pictures of men began to be made. Thousands of people fronted the camera with skins made clean from blotch and blemish, because they had purified the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is as powerful now as then. Its record proves it. Others imitate the remedy; they can't imitate the record:

50 Years of Cures.

J. E. ROYS.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

We are closing out our fine line of

Leather Belts

and Sterling Silver and Gold

Waist Sets

at a Great Reduction.

Don't miss this opportunity to buy elegant articles for little money.

J. E. ROYS,
JEWELER,
BLOOMSBURG.

NIAGARA FALLS.

Low Rate Excursions via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will run a series of ten-day excursions to Niagara Falls, leaving Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington on July 22, August 5 and 19, and September 4 and 16. An experienced tourist agent and chaperon accompany each excursion.

Excursion tickets, good for return passage on any regular train, exclusive of limited express trains, within ten days, will be sold at $10 from Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all points on the Delaware Division; $9.70 from Lancaster; $8.60 from Altoona and Harrisburg; $8.25 from Wilkesbarre; $5.80 from Williamsport; and at proportionate rates from other points. A stop-over will be allowed at Buffalo, Rochester, and Watkins returning.

A special train of Pullman parlor cars and day coaches will be run with each excursion.

For further information apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Geo, W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 7-15-6t.

Get your job work done at the COLUMBIAN office.

Losing Flesh

You naturally lose flesh in the summer and running down is so easy. You get a little weaker each day without hardly noticing it. There is loss of appetite, headache, weakness of the muscles, disturbed sleep, weakness of memory, and these are the beginning of nervous prostration. Iron and tonics and bitters may afford some temporary relief, but what you need is a food for body, brain and nerves.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil with the Hypophosphites, furnishes just the nourishment needed for those who are run down and pale and thin and weak. If you lose flesh in summer take Scott's Emulsion *now*. Don't wait till fall or winter before beginning.

For sale at 50c. and $1.00 by all druggists.

THE REASON WHY

We make such singularly low prices on Summer Dry Goods is because we want to sell them, and that quickly. To us that is reason enough. Our advice is to take the bargains we offer and pay no heed to our losses or you'll get left.

Handsome Organdies

That have been all season 17 cents a yard now to go at 10c a yd.
Those that were 37½c, now 25c yd.
Those that were 25c, now 20c yd.

Narrow Laces.

They tell us they are scarce—we know it, but we have new lines to day again.

Black Dress Goods.

All indications point that these goods will be higher in the near future. Our lines are complete at the lowest prevailing prices on the same.

Corset Exhibit.

We are making this week a Special Exhibit of the celebrated R. & G. Corsets. We carry full lines of these Corsets in stock. Summer Corsets for 47c. Light and Cool.

Neckwear Flurry.

A Big Fall in the price of Wash String Neckties, regular 5 and 10c ea. now they go 8 FOR 25 CTS.

Hosiery.

Well, yes, we have those desirable shades of Tan as well as Blacks for Ladies and Children.
Children's 2 pair for 25c.
" 25c pair.
Ladies' 25c pair.
" 2 pair for 25c.

Ladies' Dress Skirts.

White Welt Skirts, $3.00 each.
Buff " " 3.25 "
Brocade Mohair Skirts, 1.50 "
Plain " " 3.00 "
Silk Brocade " 6.50 "

Store

Closes Tuesday and Wednesday evenings at 6 o'clock during July and August.

Ladies' Ribbed Vests.

This line, or part of it, has felt the reducing of prices.
Ladies' 15c Vests, now 10c.
" 25c " " 20c.
" 7c " " 5c.
" 50c " " 39c.
Children's 22c Vests now 2 for 25c.

Wash Dress Goods.

Clearing them up for the season. Never before would your dimes go so far in buying Summer Dress Materials.
We have cut the prices, they're way down. You should not wait, but come at once—for good Selections.

Towels.

Big, heavy, bleached, Turkish towels at the low price of 25c the pair.
See them.

Ribbons.

We have them at the right prices, right colors, right widths. See our 24c Moire Taffetas, and 25c a yard Fancy Ribbons.

Ladies' Hats & Flowers

Ladies' hats at the prices we now offer them should move out rapidly. You want a walking hat. We have them, 40c each.

Shirt Waists.

Try it to-day. Don't wait till to-morrow. Here is an opportunity of getting waists worth 1.75, 1.50, 1.25 and $1.00, FOR 79c. EACH.

Parasols.

Have had the sharp knife at work on them cutting down the prices.
93c ones now 75c.
$2.75 " " $2.00.
1.90 " " 1.29.

CLARK & SON.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

MARKET SQUARE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

15 Day Bargain Sale began July 26th; will close Tuesday evening, at 6 o'clock, August 10th.

A few articles can only be named in this advertisement.

10 yds. unbleached muslin, already cut off, for 35c.
(Only 20 yards to one person.)

Columbia Shirtings, 6½c.
Apron Gingham, 4½c.
Indigo Blue Calico, 4½c.
Turkey red Calico. 4½c.
A lot of Lawns and Crepeonets at 3c yd.
A large cotton towel, were 14c pr., now 10c.
300 yds. Silkaline, was 10 and 12½c, now 5c.

Wrappers were 98c. now 75c.

Lawns all reduced, some were 12½c, now 7c yd.

Short length goods in Lawns, in Mulls, in Organdies, in Dimities, in Jaconetts and are in this list at "short prices."

A big cut in many colors of ribbons, were 16, 18, 20 and 25c, now in the bargain box at 10c.

Many other articles are being arranged for this list in 15 day Sale, and only your presence during the early days of the Sale will secure to you the Special Bargains.

This Sale is Strictly CASH. No goods laid away.

Store closes at 6 o'clock every Tuesday and Wednesday evenings until Sept.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

Not Mere . . .
Foot Covers . . .

but easy, comfortable, stylish shoes.

SHOES THAT ARE CORRECT

That's what up-to-date men want. That's what we sell, and we don't draw heavily on pocket books either. Fitting feet is our specialty, and we assure perfect comfort to every patron. We carry the largest stock of boots, shoes and rubbers in the county, and all new and fresh and bright. Every size, every shape, and prices not too high—nor to low.

Jones & Walter
FEET FITTERS
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A FREE SCHOLARSHIP.

Any young man or woman who is a bona fide patron of this paper may secure a musical education. The Ithaca Conservatory of Music, Ithaca, N. Y., offers several free scholarships. These are awarded upon competition, and all may enter the Competition Sept. 7 and 8. In addition it offers twenty per cent discount to all bona fide patrons of this paper in any course, regular or special—violin, piano, organ, voice, banjo, guitar, mandolin, elocution, fencing, harmony, French, German, Italian, physical culture, etc.,—providing a simple condition is met that can be ascertained by a postal card request to the Business Manager.

J. E. KEIFER,

Successor to E. A. RAWLINGS,

—DEALER IN—

All Kinds of Meat,

Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.

CENTRE STREET,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Telephone connection.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

SILVER STILL HOLDS THE GREAT BODY OF DEMOCRATS.

The Enormous Importations—Efforts to Prevent Smuggling—The X Ray to be Used—Counting the Treasury's Hoard of Money.

Special Washington Letter.

The recent conference of Democrats in New York city has attracted considerable attention here. It seems to make assurance doubly sure that the Democratic party in the State and Nation will continue to stand upon the Chicago platform. The Chicago election, the Democratic conventions in Iowa and Ohio and lastly this conference, are proofs that the silver issue is still adhered to. It is now thought that the election last year was only a preliminary to the battle of 1900. The democratic organization is likely to be controlled as at Chicago last year. Bryan is going about the country as the representaive of the silver idea, in spite of his defeat last year.

Politicians of all shades of opinion in this city regard the Ohio election as the most important that will be held this year. Ohio did not do as well by the Republicans last year as many of

Examining Baggage by the X-Ray.

the other States, although the Republican candidate for President was one of the most popular citizens, who had on previous occasions when a candidate for office, run ahead of his ticket. What is called financial heresy in the East first made a determined fight in Ohio. That was made twenty-five years ago. The Democrratic organization of Ohio was captured at that time by the Greenbackers.

The campaign attracted world-wide attention. There is a survival of the Greenback element in this State. It undergoes a revival with th esilver issue to the fore. With the tariff as the issue last year McKinley's victory in the State would have been easily secured, and his majority phenomenal. After the parties had declared for and against free silver, the Bryan men had hopes of carrying the State. Some Republicans became aware that these hopes had substancial foundation. The claim that the free silver sentiment has increased since November will be put to the test in the Ohio election this year. The politicians here believe that if the election returns shall verify this claim the Democratic party will be for free silver in 1900 and that the campaign that year will be fought on the issues of 1896.

The recent report of the Consul-General at Manchester, England, contains some tabular comparisons of the exports from the district to the United Staes which are very impressive. It appears that the declared value of the exports for the first quarter of the calendar year, 1897, amounted to $2,425,134 as compared with $3,750,186 for the first quarter of the calendar year of 1896, being a decreased of $1,324,964. But the declared value of the exports for the quarter ended June 30, 1897, amounted to $4,671,488 as compared with $2,710,127 for the corresponding period of 1896, being an increase of $1,361,301. The chief item of exports from Manchester to the United States consists of cotton velvets, fuchans, etc. In January, 1897, the quantity of the exports amounted to 438,346 yards in February, to 1,184,380 yards in March, to 2,284,736 yards in April, to 6,226,827 yards in May, to 3,425,153½ yards in June.

The Treasury officials have determined to put a stop to smuggling. Under the new tariff law, tourists returning from foreign lands will not be permitted, as in the past, to bring wearing apparel free of duty. It is probable that there will be unusual efforts made to evade the payment of the duties imposed. The French government has adopted the X-Ray and our officials are about to make a trial of it. No ingenuity in hiding things is of any avail against the wonderful rays. The smuggler's belongings are taken into a dark room, the light is turned on and everything suspicious is seen at a glance. The efforts of smugglers are largely directed to carrying jewelry without paying the legal duties. Anything made of metal is detected with the greatest facility by the X-rays. The smuggler carries a satchel alleged to contain a few handkerchiefs, cigars, a cake of soap and other innocent and useful things. The rays are turned on, and instantly the presence of a few thousand dollars' worth of jewelry is revealed.

A visitor to the Treasury Department at the present time gets a pretty good idea of what it means to be at the head of the United State Treasury. The vaults of that institution are closed to visitors, because the operation of transferring the funds from ex-Treasurer Morgan to Treasurer Roberts is now going on. A score of men are engaged for seven hours each day in weighing and moving sacks of gold and silver, and others are counting and verifying the bonds which are deposited, to secure the circulation of national banks and to secure the United States against loss from failure of banks in which deposits are made. These operations are exceedingly [illegible]ous and none of the treasury people care to be employed in them. The vaults in which the coin is stored are beneath the surface of the ground are ill-ventilated, and in this hot weather are veritable sweat boxes. The counting will occupy fully three months and a mistake in the mislaying of a bag of silver dollars would necessitate a repetition of the operation from beginning to end. There are experts who handle this vast mass of coin, and mistakes seldom occur, and it is a satisfactory comment on the integrity of the people employed in the treasurer's office, that in the many transfers which have been made in the last twenty years, no shortage of a single dollar has ever been discovered.

Information has been received here of the important conference held at the Foreign Office in London between Senator Wolcott, former Vice-President Stevenson and General Paine, the members of the United States Bimetallic Commission, and Ambassador Hay, and Lord Salisbury, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer; Mr. Arthur Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, and Lord George Hamilton, Secretary of State for India. The conference, which lasted an hour, was preliminary to the carrying on of further negotiations on the subject of international bimetallism. The Americans did most of the talking. Lord Salisbury inquired what were the powers of the American commissioners, and was informed that they stand authorized to make arrangements for the holding of an international conference or to negotiate a treaty of international bimetallism, which they might submit to their government for ratificaton. It was stated also that France was ready to co-operate with the United States, Great Britain and Germany in reaching an agreement for international bimetallism. The British representatives present made no statement indicating their intentions in the matter. Consulatons of high British officials will be held before another meetng with the American commission, and in the meantime the latter will privately discuss the question with Baron de Rothschild and other financiers and endeavor to secure their support.

The commissioners were afterwards received by the Queen and entertained at a luncheon by Lord Salisbury. The reception which our representatives obtained has been very gratifying to Administration circles here, and high hopes have been awakened for the ultimate success of their mission.

Every day there are increasing indications that the Senate sugar schedule cannot possibly get through the conference. It is now believed that Speaker Reed has interposed his powerful authority to prevent the adoption of this schedule. If reports be true, the Speaker has informed the House conferees that if they yield to the Senate, their report will be in danger of rejection by the House even if such action jepardizes the passage of the tariff bill. The effect of this information from the Speaker was instantly felt in the conference committee and the compromise agreement which was nearly decided upon was declared off. The Senate conferrees, with the exception of Senators Aldrich, of Rhode Island, and Jones, of Nevada, would gladly yield and accept the House sugar schedule in its entirety. These two Senators are standing out strongly for the Senate schedule, and the position of Senator Jones as a free lance, without party ties or responsibilities, is such that unless his demands are acceeded to he may be able to indefinitely delay the adoption of the conference report in the Senate.

It is probable that even had Speaker Reed not interfered, the House conferrees would have receded from their agreement, as they realized, after they had seen its effect upon the stock market, that they had made a great mistake. Although the whole matter is now in the air, it is still probable that there will be a compromise of some kind on the sugar schedule, though it will probably not be as favorable to the Trust as the previous one. It is generally believed that the Senate provision reducing by one-tenth of a cent a pound the House rates on sugars not above 87 degrees will be agreed to by the House conferrees. It is also possible that there may be a slight increase in the duty on refined sugars over the House rates, but this will be opposed with renewed vigor by the House conferrees.

Few public men have been identified more with the history of this country than Senator Isham Harris of Tennessee whose death makes another vacancy in the Senate. He had almost completed his seventy-ninth year, having been born in Franklin county, Tenn., in February, 1818, and first became a member of Congress in 1849.

Speaker Reed.

His Congressional career thus began earlier than that of any member of either house, ante-dating Senators Morrill and Sherman by seven years, and Galusha A. Grow, now a member of the House from Pennsylvania, by one year. Mr. Harris had, when he was elected to the national house of Representatives, already become a man of some reputation in Tennessee, having previously served as a Presidential elector on the Democratic ticket, and two years before been elected a member of the Legislature of the State.

He was three times in succession, before the war, beginning in 1857, elected Governor of his State, and was serving in that capacity when the war broke out. He took a pronounced stand for the southern Confederacy, and was known as one of the southern war Governors. The vicissitudes of the conflict rendered a frequent change of residence necessary, and he was often with the army in the field. He attached himself at different times to the staffs of Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston and Joseph E. Johnston. Albert Sidney Johnston fell from his horse into Senator Harris' arms when he received his death wound.

F. C. ROBINSON.

"Has your aunt's will been admitted to probate yet?"

"No. There is so much trouble about the pesky thing that I almost wish aunt had never died."—Life.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

France has 560 savings banks.

The Russian navy is rapidly increasing.

Snow fell in Philadelphia on the 1st of June.

There are fifty-seven poor farms in the United States.

There are forty-five pin factories in the United States.

London is sending a colony of rubber planters to Mexico.

June 1, 137 marriage licenses were taken out in Chicago.

Japan has built eighty-five miles of railroad in Formosa.

Portugal refuses to sell Delagoa Bay, East Africa, to England.

Few people in Ireland took part in the Queen's jubilee.

All accounts report that this year's hay crop will be extraordinarily large.

Michigan's Legislature has reduced the taxes for 1897-8 by almost $1,000,000

Oklahoma farmers are harvesting wheat and getting forty to sixty bushels an acre.

Southern California shipped this year $190,000 worth of ostrich plumes to Paris.

Dr. Jenkins, of Thurman, Ohio, has in thirty-nine years' practice attended 2152 births.

The Pawtucket (R. I.) sealer of weights is making a crusade on short strawberry baskets.

Germany has in twenty years spent $100,000,000 improving the Rhine, the Elbe and the Vistula.

Missouri celebrates a flower day in her penitentiary, and each of the 2500 inmates gets a flower.

Dr. Koch's attempt to stay the ravages of the rinderpest in Cape Colony, South Africa, has been a complete failure.

The great lakes are rising again. Lake Ontario has risen three feet since last summer, and is eighteen inches higher than it was a year ago.

Keen eyes of New York Customs Inspectors found in the false bottom of a trunk, the other day, 10,000 glass optics—smuggled from Switzerland.

Dr. Charles Wuillgohs, the oldest doctor in Ohio, still practices, although he is ninety-three. His family is noted for longevity, and his grandfather, at the age 106, cradled wheat for three days in succession.

Remember—only such medicines were admitted for exhibition at the World's Fair as are accepted for use, by physicians, in the practice of medicine, Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and Ayer's Pills being included in the list. They are standard medicines.

THE NEW GOLD FIELDS.

To the adventurer the discovery of gold in the Klondyke field is remarkable, chiefly in the sense of the possible fortunes to be wrested from the earth by the hardy miners. To the general public it is interesting because of its possible effect upon commerce, and particularly with respect to the ratio of gold production as compared with that of silver. Nobody can predict the outcome of the discovery of the precious metal in the far Northwest. The yield may soon be exhausted, or it may continue on a progressive scale, responsive to better facilities for mining. The production of the metal in the Klondyke region is attended by unusual hardship, due to the severity of the climate, the slow and perilous methods of transportation and the fact that supplies are difficult to obtain. All this may retard the work of mining, but it will not prove an insuperable obstacle. In all ages man has braved all dangers in his search for gold, and the greed of gain burns as fiercely in the human heart to-day as it ever did. Should the yield be kept up we may expect to find flourishing cities planted in the vicinity, and railroads started to meet the demand for transportation.

While the product of the Klondyke beds is rich in character the area covered is limited, so far, and the total output for last season is believed to be not more than $5,000,000 worth. In 1894, when the gold production of the world, for that year, was estimated at $179,965,600, the contribution of the United States to that sum was estimated at $39,500,000. In 1896, it is estimated, the gold yield of the United States was $51,500,000. The Klondyke field might add $5,000,000 annually to the gold product of the world without making any appreciable effect on the monetary relations or intrinsic ratio between gold and silver. The fact remains that the product of gold is increasing. The Witwatersrand, in the South African Republic, is yielding great quantities of the metal, and it is believed that this field will not be exhausted for many years. Our Western States are turning out gold in increasing quantities. With the aid of modern machinery and scientific methods of extraction it is possible to work profitably gravels which were abandoned years ago because it was thought the mines could no longer be operated at a profit.

Just try a 10c. box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made. 4-1-1y

Use Color Judiciously.

There are colors that are refreshing and broadening, others that absorb light and give a boxed-up appearance to a room, others that make a room with a bleak, northern exposure, or with no exposure at all, appear bright and cheerful; some that make a room appear warm, some that make it cold.

The thermometer seems to fall six degrees when you walk into a blue room. Yellow is an advancing color; therefore a room fitted up in yellow will appear smaller than it is.

On the other hand, blue of a certain shade introduced generously into a room will give an idea of space. Red makes no difference in regard to size. Green makes very little.

If a bright, sunny room gets its light from a space obtruded upon by russet-colored or yellow painted houses or else looks out upon a stretch of green grass, it should be decorated in a color very different from the shade chosen if the light comes from only an unbroken expanse of sky.

Red brings out in a room whatever hint of green lurks in the composition of the other colors employed.

Green needs sunlight to develop the yellow in it and make it seem cheerful.

If olive or red brown be used in conjunction with mahogany furniture, the effect is very different from what it would be if blue were used. Blue would develop the tawny orange lurking in the mahogany.

If a ceiling is to be made higher, leave it light, that it may appear to recede. Deepening the color used on the ceiling would make it lower—an effect desirable if the room is small and the ceiling very high. Various tones of yellow are substitutes for sunlight.—*The Upholsterer.*

If You Have Piles Use Dr. Agnew's Ointment.—Beyond compare the greatest remedy extant. Its claim backed up by testimony of thousands of cured people. Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles relieved in a few minutes and cured in from three to six nights. 35 cents.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Forcing Plants with Ether.

Attention is being attracted to the use of ether and chloroform vapors as forcing agents. It has been shown by a number of investigators that the vapor of chloroform or ether has a marked effect upon the respiration of a plant, increasing it in some cases to a marked degree, as explained by Professor Galloway. Increasing the respiration simply means that the plant is being made to do more work than normal. He says: "It must be remembered, however, that in doing this the plant is living beyond its means, and sooner or later there must be a reckoning which may prove disastrous. The plant responds to the ether treatment just as it would to any other irritating influence, and the effect in the end must be the same as when an extra stimulus is present—namely, increased energy for the time, followed by collayse and death if the matter is carried far enough. In cases of bulbs and woody plants, where there is more or less stored energy in the form of feed material, etherizing might work to advantage in starting growth. This seems to have been the line of work carried on by the Danish investigator. From the reports of Consul Kirk, however, the conclusions have not been very definite."

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by overwork and trouble. Hall's Hair Renewer will prevent it.

Reduced Rates to the Seashore.

Extremely Low-Rate Excursions via Pennsylvania Railroad.

No other coast can compare with that of Southern New Jersey in Summer resorts. Atlantic City is the most popular seaside resort in America, and Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Avalon, Anglesea, Wildwood, and Holly Beach do not fall far short of Atlantic City's high standard.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged for excursions to the seashore from Erie, Fassett, Bellefonte, Shenandoah, Dauphin, and intermediate stations (including stations on branch roads), on August 5th and 19th.

Excursion tickets, good for 10 days, will be sold at *extremely low rates*.

Passengers may, if they so desire, go to Atlantic City via the new *Delaware River Bridge Route*, the *only all rail line* from points in Pennsylvania to Atlantic City.

For information in regard to rates, time of trains, &c., consult small bills or apply to nearest ticket agent.

7-29-3t.

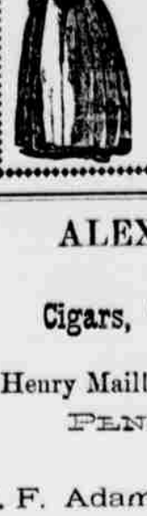
What's the Trouble! Is it Sick Headache?—Is it Biliousness?—Is it Sluggish Liver?—Is your skin sallow?—Do you feel more dead than alive? Your system needs toning—Your liver isn't doing its work—Don't resort to strong drugs—Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 10 cents for 40 doses, will work wonders for you.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

REASONS FOR USING

Walter Baker & Co.'s

Breakfast Cocoa.



1. Because it is absolutely pure.
2. Because it is not made by the so-called Dutch Process in which chemicals are used.
3. Because beans of the finest quality are used.
4. Because it is made by a method which preserves unimpaired the exquisite natural flavor and odor of the beans.
5. Because it is the most economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Established 1780.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg Pa.

Prices Low and Good Work.

For the finest and best stoves, tinware, roofing, spouting and general job work, go to W. W. Watts, on Iron street. Buildings heated by steam, hot air or hot water in a satisfactory manner. Sanitary Plumbing a specialty.

I have the exclusive control of the Thatcher steam, hot water and hot air heaters for this territory, which is acknowledged to be the best heater on the market. All work guaranteed.

W. W. WATTS,

IRON STREET. Bloomsburg, Pa.

10-6-y

SHOES SHOES

We buy right and sell right.

OUR SUCCESS IS BASED ON THIS FACT.

Honest trading has won us hosts of customers but we want more. We are selling good shoes, so good you ought to see them. Drop in and we will make it pay you.

CORNER IRON AND MAIN STS. W. H. Moore.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,

or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

Lippincott's Magazine for August, 1897.

The complete novel in the August issue of *Lippincott's* is "Two Daughters of One Race," by Edgar Fawcett. It is a domestic tale of love and blindness, with a single hero, and two heroines whose characters are in marked contrast. Its well-known author has done no better work.

"Private Barney Hogan," by Lieutenant Charles Dudley Rhodes, and "Two Letters," by Frances M. Butler, are brief and pointed army stories, the latter relating a pathetic incident of the civil war.

The other contents of this number cover in small space a wide variety of topics. Frank H. Sweet writes with full knowledge of "Bird Artists," and Joanna R. Nicholls of "The Marine Hospital Service." "Our Street Names" are discussed by William Ward Crane. Dr. A. L. Benedict inquires, "Are You going to College?" and gives reasons why you should—if you are young enough and adequately prepared. M. A. De Wolfe Howe meditates on "A Similitude of Ships."

"Singing: its Past and its Possibilities," is considered by Gertrude E. Wall. By "The Charm of the Inexact," Dr. Charles C. Abbott intends that conversational looseness of epithet and statement to which our poor humanity is prone.

Annie Steger Winston declares that "The Book which has most Benefited Me" was the school reader of her infancy. "Jonathan Hale's Book," rescued from oblivion by Edith Dickson, was a sombre, not to say gruesome work, of the sort by which juvenile piety was sought to be promoted in and about A. D. 1734. Our children are differently provided for nowadays.

The poetry of the number, all brief, is by Lillian Plunkett Ferguson, Preston Cooke Farrar, and Robert Gilbert Welsh.

How to get on in the World.

Most of our successful men began life without a dollar. They have won success by hard work and strict honesty. You can do the same. Here are a dozen rules for getting on in the world:

Be honest. Dishonesty seldom makes one rich, and when it does, riches are a curse. There is no such a thing as dishonest success.

Work. The world is not going to pay you for nothing. Ninety per cent. of what men call talent is only a genius of hard work.

Be independent. Do not lean on others to do your thinking or to conquer difficulties.

Enter into that business or trade that you like best, and for which nature seems to have fitted you, provided it is honorable.

Be conscientious in the discharge of every duty. Do your work thoroughly. No one can rise who slights his work.

Be punctual. Keep your appointments. Be there a minute before time if you have to lose your dinner to do it.

Be polite. Every bow, every smile will be money in your pocket.

Spend less than you earn. Do not run in debt. Watch the little leaks and you can live on your salary.

Be generous. Meanness makes enemies and breeds distrust.

Make all the money you can honestly; do all the good you can with it while you live; be your own executor.—*The Money Maker.*

Rheumatism, which is caused by an acid in the blood, is cured by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. External treatment is of no avail. Until the blood is thoroughly cleansed of all impurities it is useless to expect the cure of any disease. Has cured others, will cure you.

CHILDREN'S NURSES.

THEY ARE TRAINED FOR THE OCCUPATION AND IN GREAT DEMAND.

Good Salaries Paid—The Maids Engaged Ahead of Their Graduation — Not Enough to Fill the Many Requests from Almost Every Country in the World.

In these days, when all fields of work, especially woman's work, are said to be overcrowded, it is a relief to find one exception. This exception is the profession of trained nursery maids, the demand being from fifty to a hundred per cent greater than the supply.

"We can graduate about twenty-three girls a year," said the Superintendent of the New York Training School for Nursery Maids, "and we have applicants for several hundred during that time. The subject of training nurses for the care of children is receiving each year more attention, and intelligent parents are beginning to feel that the old idea that any person can mind a baby is about exhausted.

"This training school for nursery maids is the oldest in the world, and up to two years ago it was the only one. The idea, I believe, originated with Mrs. Robert W. Chapin, who, owing to some serious mistake of a nurse, began to think what a good thing it would be if we could have intelligent women with training to care for our babies. She thought the matter over, and, selecting the Babies' Hospital as the most suitable place, offered to support two or three nurses for the year if the management would give her plan a trial. This trial proved so satisfactory that the school was founded, and has been enlarged, though, as I said before, it lacks a great deal of supplying the demands for trained nurse maids. Our waiting list is large, owing to the very limited number of girls we can accommodate. An applicant, to be admitted, is required to be not under twenty and not over thirty, to be perfectly healthy, to come well recommended, and to have a good common school education. Under no circumstances do we consider an applicant where there is a suspicion of lung trouble. The reason for this is perfectly obvious to any one with any knowledge of the relations between a baby and its nurse. The applicants are received on one month's probation, and if at the end of that time they prove satisfactory they finish the course of six months.

Their wages on leaving the school are in a measure regulated by us. The wages paid our graduates on first leaving us—they are always engaged several months ahead of their graduation—are $20 a month. After that time, of course, their wages depend on their own efforts, for if a nurse makes herself valuable a mother is always willing to increase the pay to a reasonable amount. Many of our graduates receive as much as $50 a month, which is very good when one takes into consideration the few expenses of a nurse. She has one of the most desirable rooms in the house, for the nursery is always a good room. When the family travels she goes in the same coach. Next to their parents, the children love and respect her.

"In our training we do not attempt to give medical knowledge, for we consider 'a little knowledge a dangerous thing,' but we seek to make them capable of taking a healthy baby and keeping it healthy. The nurse learns nursery hygiene in its broadest sense, with the rudiments of kindergarten. As a life work for women this profession seems much to be preferred to that of a shop or factory girl. We have applicants for our graduates from every State in the Union and almost every country in the world. Several of our graduates are abroad now as nurses in the families of the nobility. Of course, as I remarked at first, the demand is greater than the supply, so we are forced to answer 'No' many times where we would be only too glad to supply a good nursery maid. Only a short while ago we had an application from the West Indies, and the place was an admirable one, but we had no one to send there. Every girl graduated up to August is already engaged.

"During the last two years there have been similar schools founded in Montreal, Newark, Brooklyn and Detroit. All of these institutions have been modeled after this school. The managers of one of these have frequently visited us, and in one case sent their superintendent to us for several months' experience. Whenever a new institution of the kind is projected the call immediately comes: "Have you not some one whom you can send to us to organize the work?' We are always forced to say 'No.'"—New York Sun.

That Old Cork Leg.

In the time of the Crimean war a regiment of infantry was ordered to a position where some sharp work was going on.

In the action an Irish soldier named Thady, whose father was a second-hand dealer, happened to get his left leg blown off just above the knee.

A comrade, seeing him fall, picked him up, and carried him to a place of safety.

When asked by an officer if he felt grieved at the loss of his leg he replied:

"Faith, no, yer honour; for now me puir old fayther will be able to get rid of the old cork leg that he has had on his hands so long."—Answers.

He—What is the name of your wheel?

She—Do you mean the name the maker gives it or the names papa called it when he fell over it in the hall night before last?

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.

Some of the Things Which the Great American Philosopher Did.

Lord Jeffrey wrote of the American inventor and philosopher: "He never lost sight of common sense." Philip G. Hubert, Jr., in a sketch of Franklin in his recent book, "Inventors," says: "Nothing in nature failed to interest him," and a catalogue of his achievements, showing his activity and resource, is conclusive proof of the truth of both statements.

Franklin inspired and established the Junto, the pleasantest and most useful American club of which we have knowledge.

He founded the Philadelphia library, parent of 1000 libraries, which marked the beginning of an intellectual movement of endless good to the whole country.

He first turned to great account the engine of advertising, indespensable in all modern business.

He published "Poor Richard," a record of homely wisdom, in such shape that hundreds of thousands of readers were made better and stronger by it.

He created the postoffice system of America and was the first champion of a reformed spelling.

He invented the Franklin stove, which economized fuel, and he suggested valuable improvements in ventilation and the building of chimneys.

He robbed thunder of its terrors and lightning of some of its powers to destroy.

He founded the American Philosophical Society, the first organization in America of the friends of science.

He suggested the use of mineral manures, introduced the basket willow, promoted the early culture of silk and pointed out the advantages of white clothing in summer.

He measured the temperature of the Gulf stream and discovered that northeast storms may begin in the southwest.

He pointed out the advantage of building ships in water-tight compartments, taking the hint from the Chinese, and first urged the use of oil as a means of quieting dangerous seas.

Besides these great achievements, accomplished largely as recreation from his life work as economist and statesman, Benjamin Franklin helped the whole race of inventors by a remark that has been of incalculable value and comfort to theorists and dreamers the world over. When someone spoke contemptuously of Montgolfierl's balloon experiments and asked of what use they were, the great American replied in words now historic: "Of what use is a new-born babe?"

Physical strength and energy contribute to strength of character, and both may be had by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Pearls of Thought.

Criticism is often the resort of ignorance.

Poverty is one thing that cannot be long concealed.

It takes two to make a bargain, but it's only one that gets it.

A friend is most a friend of whom the best remains to learn.

Some people are willing to do what is right if you will pay them for it.

A fool can do more damage in a minute than a wise man can undo in a year.

The foolish and the dead alone never change their opinion, once said Abraham Lincoln.

Monuments don't make great men remembered, but great men make monuments remembered.

Whenever the people discover some new amusement, the preachers label it sin, in big red letters.

There is hope for the man who doesn't have to fall down more than once to learn how to stand up.

A golden rule which will often save us from petty worries, is to strive resolutely to allow only our own conduct to affect our mental condition, to rest satisfied with doing our very best, and, having done this, to disregard the possible failure of others to attain our own particular standard.—*The South West.*

Heroic Treatment of Hospital Patients.

The hospital physician should be a man of the most thorough methods and the most extreme conservatism. He should be chosen as much for his practical good sense as for his skill in diagnosing disease. He should be a man with intuitions, and ought to be able to decide almost at a glance whether a patient is suffering from brain trouble or alcoholism.

There have been of late a great many instances where this mistake has been made, and it is by no means creditable to the hospipal authorities when such blunders are made.

One of the latest exploits of a hospital doctor is to order a cold bath for a consumptive patient who showed some symptoms of hysteria. Shortly after the bath the woman died. Just why a doctor should order such treatment, common sense as well as the medical profession would like very much to know.

Hospitals are in the main supported by the people, and the people have a right to good treatment and courtesy at the hands of those who are put in charge of such institutians. Failing to receive this, the public has also the right to demand an investigation of the situation and to demand the punishment of those who are guilty of such unprofessional and inhuman conduct, and that their places be filled by those who are more intelligent and better fitted for the duties and responsioilities of such a place.—New York *Ledger.*

What do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called Grain O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and tastes like choice coffee but costs about ¼ the price. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
—OF VALUABLE—
REAL ESTATE

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned administrator of the estate of E. J. Cole, late of the township of Jackson, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 7th,

A. D. 1897, at one o'clock p. m., all the following described tract of land, situated in the township of Jackson, county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to-wit: Beginning at a stone corner of land of George Hurleyman, thence by said land south sixty degrees east two dundred and fifty-seven rods to a stone corner, thence by land late of Joseph Butt south thirty-one degrees west ninety-six rods to a stone corner, thence by a public road north two and one-half degrees east seventy-two and two-tenths rods to a stone, thence by moravian lands north eighty-seven and one-fourth degrees west two hundred and eighty and five-tenth rods to a stone corner, thence by land of Wm. Brink and J. P. Hess north eighteen and one-fourth degrees east one hundred and thirty-five rods to the place of beginning, containing

125 ACRES,

strict measure.

The dwelling house, barn and outbuildings are in first class condition, a fine amount of fruit, good water, and land under first class state of cultivation makes it a desirable farm for any one either as an investment or for a home.

TERMS OF SALE. Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

D. J. POUST, Administrator.

C. W. Miller, Attorney. 7-15-ts

RULE ON HEIRS.

COLUMBIA COUNTY SS:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to William Johnson, Jerseytown, Pa.; Richard Johnson, Millville, Pa.; Silas Johnson, Hughesburg, Pa.; John Johnson, Watsontown, Pa.; Jane Johnson, intermarried with Jonty Craig, Opps P. O., Lycoming Co., Pa.; Alice Johnson, intermarried with Geo. Hare, Strawberry Ridge, Pa.; and heirs of Henry Johnson, decd., viz: Geo. Johnson, Mooresburg, Pa.; John Johnson, Regina Johnson, Danville, Pa., intermarried to Mills, lineal descendants of James Johnson, deceased, and to all other persons interested, Greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bloomsburg on the fourth Monday of September next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said James Johnson, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by the inquest duly awarded by the said Court and returned by the Sheriff or show cause why it shall not be sold, and hereof fail not.

Witness the Honorable E. R. Ikeler, President of our said Court at Bloomsburg, the 18th day May, 1897. J. B. McHENRY, Sheriff.

Snyder, Atty. 7-22-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Sallie Johnson and Eliza Fruit.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the money arising from the sale of real estate of Sallie Johnson and Eliza Fruit under proceedings in partition, by J. B. McHenry, trustee, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in the town of Bloomsburg, on Wednesday, September 1st, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons interested must appear and present their claims.

L. E. WALLER, Auditor.

7-22-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The Wright—Clayton Estate.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia County to distribute the sum in the hands of the Trustee to the persons entitled to the same, in the matter of the Wright—Clayton estate, will meet the parties interested for the performance of his duties at his office in the town of Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, August 3rd, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons are required to present their claims before such auditor, or be debarred from coming in for a share of the assets or fund.

July 7, 1897. CHARLES G. BARKLEY, Auditor.

3t.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Estate of John C. Fruit, late of Hemlock Twp., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration in said estate have been granted to the undersigned administratrix, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

E. LAVINA FRUIT, Admx., Buckhorn, Pa.

Charles G. Barkley, Atty., Bloomsburg, Pa. 7-1-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Emma German, late of Pine township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Emma German, late of Pine township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

JOSEPH SWEENY, Administrator. Derrs, Pa.

Snyder, Atty. 6-24-6t.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

Estate of William M. Achenbach, late of Orange township, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Wm. M. Achenbach, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned administratrix, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

MRS. ALICE ACHENBACH, Administratrix Orangeville, Pa.

Snyder, Atty. 6-24,6t

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
—OF VALUABLE—
REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, the undersigned administrator of the estate of C. W. Eves, late of the Borough of Millville, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, deceased, will offer at public sale the hereinafter described premises designated as purparts No. 1, 8, 9, 10 and 11, on the premises designated as purpart No. 1 in the Borough of Millville aforesaid, on

FRIDAY, JULY 30, 1897,

at 2 o'clock p. m.

And upon the following day, to-wit,

SATURDAY, JULY 31, 1897,

at 2 o'clock p. m., upon the premises corner of Third street and Strawberry Alley, in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., purparts No 5 and 6. Said several pieces or parcels of ground more fully described as follows, to-wit:

Purpart No. 1.—All that certain lot of land situate in the Borough of Millville, Pa., bounded by Main and State streets and land of Sarah B. Rich and James M. Rote; containing thirty-two and one-half perches. Whereon is erected a

FRAME DWELLING AND STORE HOUSE,

and also a brick dwelling and store house.

Purpart No. 8.—A double dwelling house and lot of ground situate in the Borough of Millville aforesaid, bounded on the east by Centre street, south by Third street, west by an alley, and on the north by Wheeler Chrisman, being feet front on Centre street by feet in depth on Third street.

Purpart No. 9.—House and lot of ground situate in the Borough of Millville, aforesaid, bounded on the east by public road, south by land of A. J. Carr, west by an alley, and north by lot of Sarah B. Eves, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less.

Purpart No. 10.—A certain piece of timber land situate partly in Madison and partly in Pine townships, bounded by lands of William Fairman, Bethuel Whipple, David Masters, James Masters, heirs of Andy and S. S. Runyan and others, containing

522 ACRES, AND 73 PERCHES.

and allowance with the appurtenances.

Purpart No. 11.—A tract of timber land situate in Pine township, bounded by lands of James Stackhouse, Benjamin Redline, Alinas Cole and others, containing about

300 ACRES,

more or less.

Purpart No. 5. A certain lot of ground situate on the north side of Third street in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the north side of Third street on the western boundary of the lot of Charles W. Eves, deceased, eighty-five feet from the corner of Third street and Strawberry alley, thence along said lot north thirty-three degrees and ten minutes west one hundred and thirty-seven feet to a point on land of Peter K. Vannatta, thence along same south forty-eight and three-fourths degrees west thirty-three and one-fourth feet to lot of the estate of Adam Utt, thence along said lot south thirty degrees and ten minutes east one hundred and thirty-eight feet, more or less, to Third street, aforesaid, thence along same north forty-nine degrees and fifty-four minutes east forty feet to the place of beginning.

Purpart No. 6.—A certain lot of ground situate on the north side of Third street in Bloomsburg aforesaid bounded as follows: Beginning at the corner of Third street aforesaid and Strawberry alley, thence along Strawberry alley north forty degrees and fifteen minutes west two hundred feet, more or less, to Pine alley, thence south forty-eight degrees and thirty minutes west along said Pine alley sixty and three-tenths feet, be the same more or less, to a lot of Peter K. Vannatta south thirty-three degrees and ten minutes east two hundred feet, be the same more or less, to Third street, thence along Third street north forty-nine degrees and fifty-four minutes east eighty-five feet, more or less, to Strawberry alley, aforesaid, the place of beginning; containing about fourteen thousand five hundred square feet, more or less, whereon are erected

3 DOUBLE FRAME DWELLING HOUSES.

Purparts No. 5 and 6 are subdivided and will be sold as follows: a A vacant lot on north side of Third street being thirty-eight feet front on Third street by one hundred and twenty-five feet, more or less, in depth, bounded west by land of the estate of Adam Utt. b. Lot on the northwest corner of Third street and extension of Catharine street formerly known as Strawberry alley being eighty-seven feet front on Third street by fifty-four feet front on Catharine street, whereon is erected a two-story

FRAME BLOCK OF HOUSES,

fitted up for three private residences. c. A lot fronting on Catharine street and immediately north of last above described lot, being seventy and nine-tenths feet in front by eighty and nine-tenths feet deep at the southern line and seventy-two and four-tenths feet at the northern line whereon is erected a two-story

BLOCK OF HOUSES,

fitted up for four private families. d. A lot on the southwest corner of Catharine street and Pine alley, being seventy-four and five-tenths feet front on Catharine street by sixty and three-tenths feet on Pine alley with a depth on the southern line of one hundred and three and two-tenths feet, whereon is erected a double two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE.

These properties having been recently repaired and repainted, having sewer connection and supplied with water from the Water Company, in a pleasant locality and within two hundred feet of the principal streets of the Town, make it a very desirable property as an investment.

All the above described premises will be sold at the time and place above named.

TERMS OF SALE:—10 per cent. of ¼ upon striking down of the property. ¼ less the 10 per cent. upon the confirmation of the sale, remaining three-fourths in one year from date of confirmation. Possession to be given when ¼ is paid.

C. W. MILLER, Atty. MORRIS E. EVES, Admr. of the estate of C. W. Eves, dec'd. 7-8-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estates of W. A. J. Brittain and Mary Brittain.

The undersigned auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, on exceptions to foregoing account, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Tuesday, Aug. 31, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund. L. E. WALLER, Auditor. 7-1-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Jacob Utt, late of Greenwood township, dec'd.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Utt, late of Greenwood twp., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

WM. E. UTT, Administrator.

G. M. Quick, Atty. 7-1 6t.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Eat's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Peacock's building, Market Square.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Mrs. Ents building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

G. M. QUICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over First National Bank.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND SOLICITOR OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clark's Building, cor. Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Can be consulted in German.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, North Market Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St.,
3-70-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.,
Until 9 A. M.,
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA

S. B. ARMENT, M. D.
Office and Residence No. 18. West Fifth S
DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND NOSE SPECIALTY
OFFICE HOURS, 8 to 10 A.M. 2 to 4 P.M. 7 to 9 P. M. BLOOMSBURG PA.

DR. ANDREW GRAYDON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
—BLOOMSBURG, PA.—
Office and residence in Prof. Waller's House.
MARKET STREET
TELEPHONE.

HENRY W. CHAMPLIN, M. D.
SURGEON AND GYNECOLOGIST.
Office over Farmer's National Bank.
Hours 10 to 12 A. M., 3 to 5 and 7 to 8 P. M
Residence, Third St. West of Jefferson.
TELEPHONE.

DR. F. W. REDEKER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, Centre St., between 4th and 5th Sts.
Diseases of the ear, nose and throat a specialty.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,
Market Street. BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection

DR. M. J. HESS,
DENTISTRY
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,
—DENTIST.—
Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,196,539	$1,000,000
Penn'a, Phila.....	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,956
Queen, of N. Y....	500,000	5,538,915	1,981,663
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,758,307	434,782
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	3,864,736

OFFICE IN I. W. McKELVY'S STORE.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP,
FIRE INSURANCE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N.Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
B. Stohner, Prop. C. F. Stohner, Assistant.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. The hotel has been lately refurnished.

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop. Peter F. Reidy, Manager
No. 121 West Main Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First-class livery attached.

Chocolate Colored
Vici Kid and Calf Shoes.

This is an 1897 line, and is the Popular shade for Summer Shoes. It will pay you to catch on. We have them in Kid and Cloth tops.

W. C. McKinney,
Clark's Building, Main Street.

THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

PIANO FOR SALE.

The undersigned has authority to sell a Steinway square piano, as good as new, and in fine condition. For particulars call on Geo. E. Elwell, Bloomsburg, Pa. Cost $900 when new. Will be sold at a great reduction. tf.

Helps in the Use of Good English

is a very helpful little volume of 260 pages, well printed and tastefully bound, just published by Raub & Co., of Philadelphia.

It is a book intended for the use of editors, lawyers, clergymen, teachers and all others who have occasion to write or speak the English language and who desire to do so in accordance with approved modern usage.

It treats in an interesting and instructive manner of Capital Letters, Syllabication, Orthography, Syntax, Punctuation, Letter-Writing and the Right Use of Words. Special attention is given to debatable points in all these departments.

The chapter on the Right Use of Words is valuable because of the discussion of popular synonyms, spurious words, and words liable to be disused.

The chapter on Syntax is specially valuable because of the definite directions given for correct usage with the reasons therefor, and the large collection of faulty sentences taken from prominent authors of current literature, to illustrate how even the best writers violate the standard rules for the correct usage of English.

The author of the book is Albert N. Raub, LL. D., a teacher of many years' experience, and author of Raub's Grammars, Rhetoric, and Studies in English and American Literature.

The book is published at $1.00, but is sold to clubs of six or more at sixty cents a copy. Address,

RAUB & Co.,
Box 1258. Philadelphia.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures and prevents swollen feet, blisters, callous and sore spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for sweating, hot, aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

WANTED.—A lot ranging from 25 to 30 acres with good building on. Address P. O. Box 14, Light Street, Pa. 7-1-tf.

Special Sale of Fine Clothing made to order at Maier's, the Artistic Tailor, Clothier and Hatter. $25 and $22.50 Suits reduced to $17.50. $20 and $17.50 Suits reduced to $15 and $16. Inferior cloth in the same proportion.

Ready trimmed hats and bonnets, late styles, reduced in price, at E. Barkley's, Main below Market Street.

Pipe Organ for Sale.

A two manual pipe organ, 19 stops, will be sold cheap, to make room for a larger instrument. Can be seen by calling on Geo. E. Elwell, Bloomsburg. tf

A new lot of general warranty deeds just printed and for sale at this office.

FOR SALE. A good slate blackboard about 10 feet by 3 feet, suitable for school, will be sold cheap. Apply to Geo. E. Elwell, Bloomsburg, Pa. tf.

FOR RENT. Third floor of COLUMBIAN Building, newly papered and painted, water, electric light and steam heat. Apply to Geo. E. Elwell. tf.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The New Tariff Law.

The new Dingley tariff bill was passed by the Senate Saturday afternoon. President McKinley signed it and immediately afterward Congress having passed the act for which is was called in extra session, adjourned till the first Monday in December.

It passed the Senate finally, through the adoption of the conference report, as soon as the roll could be called after 3 o'clock, by a vote of 40 to 30, McEnery being the only Democrat who voted for it, and Jones and Stewart being the only Populists who voted for it, although all the other Populists, except Heitfeld, who was paired against it, refrained from voting, and so did Senator Teller.

The most interesting thing about the vote, except the majority itself, was the fact that Senator Hanna, who had at first voted proudly for the bill he did so much to make, had to withdraw his vote when he was reminded of his general pair with Rawlins, of Utah, who was absent.

On the whole the bill is one of the most drastic measures ever put upon statute books. An aid to trusts and monopolies, and a death blow to all classes of working men.

Quay's Dotage.

Senator Quay shows unmistakable signs of enervation. As evidence of this, is his announced determination one day to retire from public life, and the next day to continue in his pursuit of office hunting. These sudden changes of mind need occasion no surprise. Conscious, as he must be at times, of his failure to fulfill his pledges of reform. It is no wonder he is filled with misgivings of his ability to further fool the people. Is it not most natural that he should long for a retreat to private life rather than to trust to the mercy of an outraged and wickedly abused people? It requires the presence and flatteries of old friends and office-seekers to stimulate his courage sufficiently to enable him to declare his purpose to ask a re-election to the U. S. Senate. Left alone to himself his judgment is not so faulty as time will prove. This his closest friends will realize when his Waterloo, to which he is first approaching, is reached.

Charity and credulity have covered a multitude of his political short-comings, but it is not to be expected that they will always do so; and the "old man" doubtless realizes this, and in the distance sees "the wood of Birnam before him."—*Huntingdon Journal.*

ONE OF TWO WAYS.

The bladder was created for one purpose, namely, a receptacle for the urine, and as such it is not liable to any form of disease except by one of two ways. The first way is from imperfect action of the kidneys. The second way is from careless local treatment of other diseases.

CHIEF CAUSE.

Unhealthy urine from unhealthy kidneys is the chief cause of bladder troubles. So the womb, like the bladder, was created for one purpose, and if not doctored too much is not liable to weakness or diseases, except in rare cases. It is situated back of and very close to the bladder, therefore any pain, disease or inconvenience manifested in the kidneys, back, bladder or urinary passage is often, by mistake, attributed to female weakness or womb trouble of some sort. The error is easily made and may be as easily avoided. To find out correctly, set your urine aside for twenty four hours; a sediment or settling indicates kidney or bladder trouble. The mild and extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, and bladder remedy, is soon realized. If you need a medicine you should have the best. At druggists fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail. Mention THE COLUMBIAN and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

Send for a copy of Tasker's Beautiful Song "Gone Forever". The very latest. Pronounced by critics to be the prettiest song ever written. Price 20 cts. At music stores, or sent upon receipt of price by David J. Tasker, Bloomsburg, Pa. tf.

DEMOCRATIC RULES.

CONCLUDED FROM PAGE 4.

sary blanks, including tally list, list of voters, certificates, duplicate statements copy of poll book containing the names of the Democratic voters of the respective districts and cause the same to be delivered to the election boards.

Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of the county chairman to give notice to the several candidates to be voted for at least ten days prior to the holding of the primary election to meet at a place to be designated by the chairman. At said meeting the candidates shall endeavor to agree on watchers not to exceed three in number for each district and in case a majority of the candidates assembled in response to such notice fail to agree upon watchers, it shall be the duty of the county chairman to appoint said watchers. The watchers shall be permitted to be present and watch the receiving and counting of the ballots and tallying and reading of the same, to take memoranda of the proceedings and of any irregularity they may deem improper and in all respects to perform their duties as watchers as defined in the general election laws.

Sec. 10. The county chairman shall cause to be published in the Democratic newspapers of the county, a notice of the time of the holding of the primary election and of the time and place of the meeting of the county convention, and of the nominations for office to be made by the convention for thirty days prior to the time of the meeting of the convention.

Sec. 11. In case of the death, declination or removal of any candidate put in nomination by the convention before the election; or whenever any candidate shall have had his name stricken from the ticket, the vacancy shall be supplied by a new nomination of a candidate which shall be made by the standing committee called together for that purpose by public notice from among citizens eligible under these rules.

Sec. 12. Until primary election officers shall have been chosen, or in case of any vacancy upon any Election Board, the County Chairman and the member of the Committee in which the vacancy occurs, shall supply the vacancy by appointment.

If at the hour of the holding of the Primary Election, persons qualified to hold such election shall fail to appear, the vacancy shall be supplied as regulated by the General Election Laws.

ASSESSMENTS.

Sec. 1. Nominees of the convention shall be subject to the payment of assessments to defray the expenses of the delegate election and convention; campaign, and election purposes; the prosecution of persons violating the election laws, and for any purpose not prohibited by general law.

Sec. 2. The assessments shall be made by the Executive Committee; rated proportionately and based upon the emoluments of the respective offices.

Sec. 3. If any nominee of the convention shall neglect or refuse to pay assessments provided by these rules, upon reasonable notice, the certificate of nomination shall be withheld, and the name of the nominee stricken from the ticket; and the vacancy supplied by a new nomination to be made by the members of the Standing Committee.

ARTICLE IV.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Sec. 1. The county chairman shall appoint an executive committee consisting of five persons, two of whom shall be the chairman and secretary of the county cammittee.

The county chairman shall be the chairman of this Committee.

Sec. 2. The duties of the executive committee shall be to make and collect the assessments of candidates provided for in these rules; fix and apportion the amounts to be paid by candidates as a registration fee; and appoint a treasurer from among their number.

Sec. 3. Whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of the executive committee, that any officer of the primary election, candidate or other person, has offended against the election laws, or the rules of the party, made punishable by law, it shall be their duty and—they are hereby required to institute proceedings against the person so offending; incur the necessary expenses incident to such prosecution, and take all necessary steps to vindicate the law and the rules of the party.

Sec. 4. The treasurer of the executive committee shall receive all moneys paid by candidates upon assessments and contributions for campaign and other party purposes; and disburse the same as the Executive Committee may direct.

ARTICLE V.

RULES.

I. These rules or any one or more of them may be altered amended or rescinded at any regular convention by a vote of two thirds of the whole number of the convention.

Wheat is the Sensation.

A Strong Advance Since the Month Opened.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review says: The end of uncertainty regarding duties on imports gives greater confidence alike to those who have opposed and those who have favored the change. The great strength in stocks, particularly in the Granger l., reflects assurance of heavy crops with a remarkable rise in wheat, notwithstanding that assurance is based on heavy buying for export and belief that foreign demand will be large.

The wheat market is the sensation of the month. Since July 2 the price had risen twelve cents by Wednesday, when a reaction of four cents was not surprising, but the close was 8 cents higher for the week. It is notable that this rise came in the face of highly encouraging crop n. vs which is not disputed and has for support nothing but foreign conditions and demand.

Both because of the season and because of pending action on the tariff, industrial operations are waiting and yet with an improvement which, under such circumstances, is significant. The half yearly production of pig iron exceeded that of the last of 1896 by 756,585 tons, but outside the great steel companies there is little activity at this time, though they are increasing their output.

Minor metals are in better demand, tin at 13.95 and lead at 3.15 and copper is sustained at 11⅛ cents for lake exports, though the June production was 19,633 tons and that of the half year 108,651 tons.

There is a general advance in boots and shoes, averaging about 1½ per cent., with a larger demand as dealers lose hope of lower prices, but leather is unchanged, and hides at Chicago average two per cent lower.

The textile industries have lost no ground, as the curtailment of production in cotton for a time is really a gain. The demand has somewhat increased, but the accumulated stock of goods must be reduced before impatience to buy can be expected. The demand for woolens increases as to low and medium grades.

Failures for the week have been 227 in the United States against 281 last year.

Reduced Rates to the Seashore.

Extremely Low Rate Excursion via Pennsylvania Railroad.

Every one, old and young, needs rest and recreation at some time during the heated Summer term, and where can it be obtained better than at the seashore.

No other place can compare with Southern New Jersey in seaside resorts, either in point of number or of excellence. Atlantic City is the most popular resort in America, and Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Avalon, Anglesea, Wildwood, and Holly Beach do not fall far short of Atlantic City's high standard.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, whose constant object is to give its patrons the cheapest rate compatible with good service, has arranged for excursions to the seashore Thursdays, Aug. 5 and 19, from Erie, Fasset, Bellefonte, Shenandoah Dauphin, and intermediate stations (including stations on branch roads).

Excursion tickets good for 10 days will be sold at the following low rates for the round trip, and intermediate points at a corresponding reduction, good going to Philadelphia on trains designated:

	Rate to Atlantic City via Delaware River Bridge.	Rate to all points via Market St. Wharf	Train leaves.	Train leaves.
Lock Haven..	$5 60	$5 50	7 30 a m	11 20 a m
Jersey Shore.	5 60	5 50	7 27 a m	11 51 a m
Newberry....	5 60	5 50	8 16 a m	12 11 p m
Williamsport	5 60	5 50	8 30 a m	12 40 p m
Muncy.....	5 10	5 00	8 55 a m	1 01 p m
Montgomery.	5 10	5 00	8 58 a m	1 08 p m
Watsontown.	4 80	4 70	9 10 a m	1 20 p m
Milton.....	4 60	4 50	9 18 a m	1 27 p m
Montandon...	4 60	4 50	9 27 a m	1 35 p m
Northumber'd	4 60	4 50	9 40 a m	1 48 p m
Sunbury.....	4 60	4 50	9 50 a m	1 56 p m
Selinsgrove Jc	4 60	4 50	10 00 a m	
Millersburg..	4 60	4 50	10 40 a m	2 38 p m
Halifax.....	4 60	4 50	10 50 a m	
Ar Phila.			3 00 p m	6 28 p m
Bellefonte....	5 85	5 75	6 30 a m	2 15 p m
Centre Hall...	5 35	5 25	7 13 a m	3 02 p m
Mifflinburg...	4 60	4 50	8 44 a m	4 27 p m
Lewisburg....	4 60	4 50	9 05 a m	4 47 p m
Phila. Ar.			3 00 p m	11 15 p m
Mocanaqua...	5 10	5 00	8 04 a m	10 45 a m
Nescopeck .	4 60	4 50	8 24 a m	11 10 a m
E. Bloomsburg	4 60	4 50	8 47 a m	
Fern Glen....	4 60	4 50	7 38 a m	11 34 a m
Catawissa....	4 60	4 50	8 55 a m	12 20 p m
S. Danville....	4 60	4 50	9 14 a m	12 38 p m
Phila. Ar.			3 00 p m	6 23 p m
Mt. Carmel...	4 60	4 50	7 30 a m	11 37 a m
Shamokin.....	4 60	4 50	7 55 a m	12 05 p m
Phila. Ar.			3 00 p m	6 23 p m
Lykens.....	4 60	4 50	7 39 a m	1 40 p m
Elizabethville	4 60	4 50	7 52 a m	2 01 p m
Phila Ar.			3 00 p m	6 23 p m

Passengers for Atlantic City holding tickets via Delaware River Bridge route may use regular trains leaving Broad Street station at 7.05 p. m. on day of excursion, or 9.20 a.m., 2.33, 3.22 and 7.05 p. m. the following day, or any regular train from Market Street wharf August 6 or 20. Passengers holding tickets via Market Street wharf may use any regular train via that route on Aug. 6 or 20. Tickers do not include transfer between Broad Street station and Market Street wharf.

Trains leave Market Street wharf, Philadelphia, as follows:

For Atlantic City 5.00, 8.20, 9.40 a. m., 1.50, 3.00, 3.40, 4.00, 4.20, 5.00, 5.30 p. m.

For Cape May, Anglesea, Wildwood, and Holly Beach 9.00 a. m, 2 30, 4.05, 5.00 p. m

For Sea Isle City, Ocean City and Avalon 9.10 a. m., 2.30, 4.20, 5.00 p. m.

For full information apply to E. S. Harrar, Division Ticket Agent, Williamsport, Pa. or to ticket agents at stations.

Cereal Coffee Drinkers BEWARE!

If you have been deceived and tried one of the cheap bran substitutes now on the market, claiming to be the original and to have great food value, and you got a pound of poorly roasted bran for your 25c., and a poor, weak, sickish drink (what can you expect from bran), don't be discouraged but try GRAIN-O. It is made from solid grain, nicely browned, and 2 pounds for 25c. Grain-O takes the place of coffee at ¼ the price. Get a package of your grocer to-day.

THE
BROADWAY

A Popular Error.

Who was it said "the American people like to be humbugged?" To say that we, as a nation, enjoy being humbugged is to insult intelligence; to attempt it is to draw down a swift and terrible punishment. We not only know a good thing when we see it, but we also appreciate it when we meet it. That's just why we make, for this week, some special offerings which we know will deserve instantaneous recognition—and get it too.

A Mercantile Millenium.

Ladies' ribbed vests, 5, 10, 15, 19c.
Children's long and short sleeved vests, 9, 12, 15c each.
Men's seamless half hose, 5c pair.
Boys' bicycle hose, 15c pair.
Gents' silk hose supporters, 10c pr.
Men's laundried shirts with two collars and pair of cuffs at 50c, Regular price, 98c.
Men's laundried white shirts with colored bosoms, 35c each. Regular price, 50c.
Boys' laundried percale shirts, 25c each. Regular price 35c.
Gents' laundried link cuffs, 5c pair.
Best 5-4 table oilcloth, 12c yard.
Felt window shades, on spring rollers, 10c each.
Large size hammocks, 56c each.
Brass extension rods, 7c each.
Scourene, 5c piece.
Another lot of tumblers just received, at 28c doz.
10 qt. tin pails, 10c each.
Painted chamber pails, 25c.

FISHING TACKLE.

Jointed rods, 10, 19, 39c.
" Bamboo rods, 79c.
" Split Bamboo rods, $1.34.
" Lancewood roods, $1.25.
Reels, 10, 19c, to $1.00.
Lines, 1, 12, 16, 25, 32c, to $1.25.
Bass flies, 5c each, 50c doz.

Respectfully Submitted to the Cash Trade Only by

THE BROADWAY CASH STORE,
Moyer's New Building, Main Street
BLOOMSBURG.

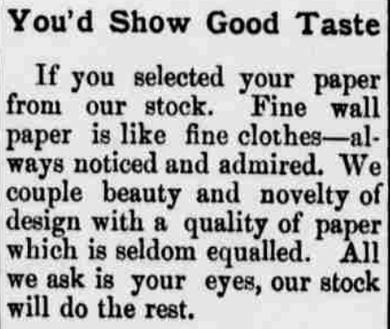
You'd Show Good Taste

If you selected your paper from our stock. Fine wall paper is like fine clothes—always noticed and admired. We couple beauty and novelty of design with a quality of paper which is seldom equalled. All we ask is your eyes, our stock will do the rest.

PRICES ARE LOWER THAN EVER.

Room Mouldings to match all papers.

WILLIAM H. SLATE,
EXCHANGE HOTEL BLD.



Yes, they are High Grade wheels at a price within your reach. The workmanship and material is equal to the usual $75 bicycles, but we are selling them for

$35 CASH,

thus saving you a nice little sum. We constantly have a few second handed wheels at a low price. Do you want nice pair of wood handle bars? We have them for only $1.50. In repair work we guarantee satisfaction, and ask you to try us.

Bloomsburg Cycle Co.,
4-1-6m. Rear of Post Office

JONAS LONG'S SONS' WEEKLY CHATS.

WILKES-BARRE, PA., July 29th, 1897.

Summer atmosphere is now the prevaling topic. In the city, at the lake or on the mountain, the universal theme is the weather. Readers of the weekly chats find comfort in the little price and fashion studies we present each week. With the thermometer up in the nineties and our prices down to zero, we strike a happy medium that is comforting in the extreme. No warm days here. The big store is cool and pleasant. If too far away you have but to drop us a line stating what you want and our well organized mail order system looks after your interests the same as if you were here in person. These useful summer things are picked at random from our big stock. Ask us for samples.

You sometimes need a knock-about dress, one for outing, something that will save your best one. We've a line of colored dress materials, formerly valued at 25c. to 33c. We will close the entire lot at the yard 10c. Samples by mail.

For very best our line of fine Dress Fabrics that sold during the season at $1 and $1.25, will be closed out at the yard 67c.

Wash Silks, useful at all seasons, doubly desirable now, at the yard 39c.

Fine Printed Foulard and China Silks, the regular $1 designs go at 59c. Samples by mail.

The most popular material for these hot days is Linen Home Spun Crash. It looks cool, and is cool and clean; its freshness wins for it first place. We've a special lot that should sell at 18c.; you may have it this week at 12½c. Samples by mail.

Our new Linen Suiting ranks with the above when neatness and comfort are sought. The material is 36 inches wide and is warranted pure linen, others charge 35c. the yard, for it our price is 25c.

You want a good generous size Towel for the bath, one that licks up the water and moisture, and gives a good healthy action to the skin. Here they are 200 dozen of them. Turkish Towels fringed with fancy borders, good value at 15c., price this week 11½c.

One of the best values in Ladies' Underwear ever offered. Lisle thread and cotton mixed vests, ribbed sleeveless, satin taped neck and armholes, crochet edging, really worth 25c., those who order at once get them at 15c.

A China Silk Parasol is a useful adjunct to a pretty outing or street costume. We have a quantity in pretty designs, medium shades of colorings without lace, beautiful sticks, the kind that usually sell at $1.25, our price is 98c.

Mitts and Gloves for summer wear. They add so much to one's appearance and are inexpensive. Black Silk Mitts, good quality, 10c. Taffeta Gloves, heavier than the silk, equal to those at 25c., are 14c. Lisle Thread Gloves, tans and browns, to be worn with linen or crash suits, 9c.

White Silk Mitts, to be worn with organdies, lawns, duck, in fact with any wash suit, 25c.

We want you to know our Shoe Department. Don't let our little prices give you the idea of cheapness. We've a special Oxford Tie Vici Kid, soft and velvety, flexible soles, the acme of correct shoe making; shoe dealers ask $3 and $3.50 for same quality. We give you a choice of styles and warrant every pair at $1.98 and $2.48. Send us your size and width of foot, we'll fit you to perfection.

Jonas Long's Sons
Cor. W. Market and Public Square.